The Janesville Daily Gazette.

VOLUME 32 | Entered at the Post Office at Janesville Wis., as second-class matter. | JANESVILLE, WISCONSIN, THURSDAY, JULY 26, 1888. | Published Every Evening Except Sunday, at $6 a Year | NUMBER 118

THE GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, JULY 26

REPUBLICAN TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT.
BENJAMIN HARRISON,
OF INDIANA.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT.
LEVI P. MORTON,
OF NEW YORK.

REPUBLICAN STATE CONVENTION.

All voters of the state of Wisconsin who are in favor of the election of Harrison and Morton, the republican candidates for president and vice-president of the United States, are invited to join in the election of delegates to a convention to be held at the the city of Milwaukee, on Wednesday, August 22d, 1888, at 12 o'clock, M., for the purpose of placing in nomination candidates for the several state officers, to be elected this fall.

The basis for the election of delegates to the convention will be by counties, one delegate for each 500 votes or major fraction thereof cast for the republican candidate for president in 1887; provided, that each county shall be entitled to at least one delegate.

Under this apportionment the several counties will be entitled to representation as follows:

Adams	2	Manitowoc	5
Ashland	2	Marathon	4
Barron	3	Marinette	4
Bayfield	1	Marquette	3
Brown	6	Milwaukee	31
Buffalo	3	Monroe	5
Burnett	1	Oconto	2
Calumet	3	Oneida	1
Chippewa	5	Outagamie	5
Clark	4	Ozaukee	3
Columbia	7	Pepin	2
Crawford	3	Pierce	5
Dane	12	Polk	3
Dodge	6	Portage	5
Door	4	Price	3
Douglas	1	Racine	7
Dunn	4	Richland	3
Eau Claire	7	Rock	12
Florence	1	St. Croix	5
Fond du Lac	9	Sauk	7
Forest	1	Sawyer	1
Grant	8	Shawano	3
Green	5	Sheboygan	7
Green Lake	3	Taylor	2
Iowa	5	Trempealeau	4
Jackson	4	Vernon	5
Jefferson	6	Walworth	7
Juneau	4	Washburn	1
Kenosha	5	Washington	6
Kewaunee	3	Waukesha	6
La Crosse	8	Waupaca	6
La Fayette	5	Waushara	4
Lincoln	2	Winnebago	10
Langlade	1	Wood	3
Total			321

The several county committees are requested to give at least two weeks' notice of the meeting of their county conventions for the election of delegates under this call.

HENRY C. PAYNE, Chairman.
W. A. NOWELL, Secretary.

1st District—F. W. Starbuck, George Grimm.
2d District—James T. Green, E. D. R. Thompson.
3d District—W. S. Main, C. H. Baxter.
4th District—Ernst Domon, John Toohey.
5th District—G. Kustermann, Geo. D. Breed.
6th District—A. B. Whitman, R. L. D. Potter.
7th District—Nels R. Nelson, John Kellogg.
8th District—T. B. Mills, H. E. Dickinor.
9th District—Ole Olsen, W. H. Mylrea.

Republican State Central Committee.
Milwaukee, July 23, 1888.

SOME DEMOCRATIC PRACTICE.

There is a vast difference between the profession of the administration and the practice. The New York Tribune has done a good piece of work in comparing the promises of the democrats with their work during the past three years and a half. The testimony on the subject set forth by the Tribune is derived from 1,015 editorials, dispatches, and news items, of which more than three-fourths are of democratic origin. This is trying a man's case by jurors of his own choosing. The Tribune shows that the law has been directly violated in seventeen cases by appointments, in seven by removals, that it has been indirectly but purposely violated in sixty-five other removals, in all of which cases names are given. It has also been violated in 386 cases of appointments and removals in which the names of the persons appointed or removed are not given. Acts of offensive partisanship are specified against 151 officials of the president's appointment, and numerous other well founded but less clearly specified charges are made.

Of the seven territorial judges appointed by the president three have been retired for misconduct. One was subject to charges so susceptible of proof that the senate refused to confirm him From the list of the names of appointees to other offices those of two murderers and two accessories in murders are dwelt upon. Five noted duelists and rioters, one of them made judge of the very court by which he had been imprisoned, are mentioned. Five persons who had been indicted or convicted of revenue frauds have been made revenue officers. One jury fixer, one professional dead beat, one attorney guilty of defrauding clients, and one lawyer who was inventor of a plan for defeating justice on behalf of certain robbers, were elevated to the bench. An impeached state treasurer, seven forgers, several defaulting town and county treasurers, many keepers of gambling houses, discharged policemen, a fellow who robbed a church; in fact, experts in all the crimes and villainies have been appointed, and in most instances retained, by Mr. Cleveland.

Such a record as this is well worth studying in the face of the fact that Mr. Cleveland went in office with the pledge that a public office is a public trust. It seems to have turned out that public office is a thing to be bartered for political influence. The record of the democratic administration on civil service reform is one of humility and disgrace.

A Washington letter to a democratic paper published in Springfield, Mass., states that civil service reform is making such progress that if the competitive system "is sustained by the strong public opinion of both parties, the clerks will soon care no more for a change of administration than for a change in the weather." This is positively laughable. The idea that the civil service principle is sustained by the strong public opinion of the democratic party! Ask the clerks whom the clean sweep of the "reform" administration, with all its promises and professions, carried out of office, whether they care anything more for a change of administration than for a change of weather. It has been a "demoralizing spectacle" indeed, and chiefly so because the country was justified in expecting something different and better. But the country has learned that democratic professions and promises, even when made by a reputed to be stronger than his party, are neither more nor less than simply and absolutely worthless.

The reply of the navy department to Senator Chandler's resolution calling for all papers in connection with the cruisers built by Roach & Sons has been finished. It consists of about 15,000 pages of manuscript, and required the services of fourteen clerks for nearly five months to complete it. Much of the work done was unnecessary and not called for, and reflects upon the honest judgment of those having it in charge. For instance, six of the letters copied had no real bearing upon the subject, since they related solely to the momentous question as to whether or not an old sailor with false teeth could ship on board the Atlanta. There are several other instances as absurd as this noted in this report.

Boston Journal: It is stated in the New York Press that within a few days there passed through the custom house of that port an invoice of 75,000 campaign buttons, imported from England for the democratic party and having the name of Cleveland on their faces. This seems to be a graceful recognition of the English and of the Anglo-Cleveland alliance.

The Gazette mentioned the other day that the democratic administration had gone to England to buy 2,000 blankets for the navy just because it could get them a few cents cheaper than in this country. The administration, to show its intense regard for England, gets its campaign buttons made there, not having a sufficient regard for American workingmen to buy them here, although it could get them as cheap here as there.

General Bradley Johnson, president of the Maryland confederate society, made a speech at Baltimore recently in which he said:

"The south is progressing. She is not dead These old Confederate soldiers and their descendents elect ninety out of every hundred congressmen, thirty-four of the United States senators, and the president of the United States. The government of the United States is controlled by confederate soldiers."

Had this fact been uttered by a prominent republican, the democratic press would have copied it and said something about the "bloody-shirt", but coming from a southern democratic and a rebel, the northern democratic papers do not reproduce it, fearing it will harm their cause.

A Harrison and Morton club composed entirely of democrats has been organized in Ohio—and this the state which the nomination of the Old Roman placed in the doubtful column! No state will vote for the party which tries to knock its industry in the head.

How can President Cleveland be for and against civil service reform? On paper he's for it; in practice he seems to be against it.—*Chester (Pa.) Times.*

That is the way his party stands on the tariff. On paper the party is for reform. In practice it is for free trade.

President Merrill, of Ripon college, who has heretofore been a third-party man, has returned to the republican party, and will vote for Harrison and Morton. The best place for a prohibitionist is in the republican party.

A Massachusetts workingman said recently to a Boston reporter: "It's a fool that sticks to a mistake when he finds it out. I've voted with the democrats twenty-five years, but hereafter I vote where my best interests lie."

YELLOW JACK RAGING.

Plant City, Fla., Effectually Cut Off from Communication with the World.

ST. AUGUSTINE, Fla., July 26.—The yellow fever scourge at Plant City continues. Trains do not stop there, mail being delivered at Cork post-office, five miles west of Plant City. The board of health of Hillsborough County has adopted stringent rules to prevent the spread of the disease. Railroads passing through or into Plant City are prohibited from carrying any baggage, freight, or passengers, only actually needed supplies being carried into the town. They deem it absolutely necessary to suspend business and cut off all communications with the place, inasmuch as expensive efforts to disinfect the place and stamp out the disease have failed. All the unacclimated residents have moved out, and only a few people who have not had the disease in some form are there.

Gladstone's Golden Wedding.

LONDON, July 26.—Mr. and Mrs. Gladstone celebrated their golden wedding. Testimonials in the shape of letters, telegrams and presents poured in upon them by the hundreds. The couple were given a reception at the residence of Earl Spencer and were presented with portraits of themselves painted by Messrs. Frank Holl and Hubert Herkomer, and also with three large silver cups and an address signed by 150 members of Parliament. Lord Granville made the speech of presentation.

Iron Getting Scarce.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., July 26.—The *Iron Age* publishes an estimate of the pig-iron production for the first six months of 1888. The total is 2,081,179 gross tons, against 1,750,023 tons during the second half of 1887. Anthracite pig-iron has fallen off from 1,015,125 gross tons the second half of 1887 to 849,275 tons the first half of 1888. Coke iron has fallen off from 2,035,596 to 1,501,251 tons, and charcoal iron from 281,032 tons to 230,615 tons.

Arrested Under the Crimes Act.

LONDON, July 26.—The exchequer court of Dublin has released John Dillon, the Irish leader, from prison on a writ of habeas corpus. James G. O'Kelley, of Roscommon, another of the Irish leaders in Parliament, has been arrested by the authorities on a charge of inciting to intimidation and boycotting in recent speeches in Ireland. Other arrests are expected.

FONTANA PARK.

Janesville people who desire to spend a day at Geneva Lake, should bear in mind that the seven o'clock morning train connects at Sharon with Pat Gibbons' 'bus line for Fontana park, reaching there at 10 a. m. The 'bus leaves at 5 o'clock in the afternoon, arriving at Sharon in time to meet the train north. On Sunday evenings the vestibule train will stop at Sharon for Janesville passengers.

THE FIGHT TO CONTINUE.

The Railroad Convention at St. Joe Takes Important Action.

THE "Q'S" PROPOSITION REJECTED.

The Strikers Upheld, and the Foundation Laid for a Federation of Engineers, Firemen, Switchmen and Brakemen.

WAR ON THE RAILROADS.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., July 26.—The joint convention of the railroad employes' brotherhoods met at 2 o'clock Wednesday afternoon and concluded its deliberations, adjourning at 5 o'clock. The business of this meeting had very little relevancy to a settlement of the Burlington difficulties, but, on the contrary, was held for the purpose of making war to the knife on the railroad system. W. M. Arner, chairman of division No. 16 Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, offered the following, which was unanimously adopted:

"*Resolved*, That the meeting heartily indorses the action taken by the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy men in refusing to declare the strike off on the conditions offered."

The conditions referred to are those which are now being circulated among the members of the brotherhood by Hoge and Murphy, and which are that no men shall be blacklisted; that the company shall take back such men and as many as it may elect; that for the next two years the company shall employ the late strikers in preference to other men, and that it shall give letters of recommendation to such men as it can not give employment. The brotherhoods construe this proposition as meaning that the company can stop after taking back one or a dozen men and that the great mass of the strikers will not be benefited in the least by the acceptance of such a proposition. It was unanimously resolved by the meeting this afternoon that the company be compelled to take back all the men who went on the strike or none. This means that the situation to-day is exactly as it was February 27.

One of the objects of this meeting was to arrange matters financially pertaining to the strike. It has been claimed by many that the brotherhood treasury was depleted and that the Eastern men were in favor of declaring the strike off in order that the assessments for the support of the strikers might be discontinued. It was announced positively by the press committee of the brotherhood that the Eastern men are heartily in favor of the continuance of the strike, and sufficient finances were arranged to carry the strike until such time when the four organizations would be federated.

The federation plan was indorsed by the meeting and it is quite certain that in less than four months the scheme will be in force. Each of the four brotherhoods will hold conventions as follows to consider the matter:

Brotherhood of Engineers at Richmond in October; Brotherhood of Firemen at Atlanta, Ga., in September; the switchmen at St. Louis in September; Brotherhood of Brakemen at Columbus, O., in October.

The first convention will adopt a federation clause in the constitution which will be accepted by the other conventions at their meeting, and when this work is accomplished a grand advisory board will be established, to be made up of delegates from the four organizations. It will be the business of the board to handle all difficulties that can not be adjusted by the various grievance committees, and in extreme cases the chiefs of the four organizations will be called in.

The Brotherhood has issued another circular addressed to the American people. In it an appeal is made to all laboring men to shun the Burlington; it reminds the public that the strike is not off the "Q" and that the road is losing all the time. "The desperate situation of the company," the circular goes on to say, "is shown by the dynamite scheme of the Pinkertons which they are vainly endeavoring to fasten on the brotherhood. The officials of the Burlington have said they would crush every labor organization in the country, and every dollar paid to them will be used to buy courts and lawmakers and other manufacturers necessary to crush the laboring men and to protect English monopolies. If the working-men do not protect themselves and throw off the chains forged by these English bullheads our condition will be worse than that of the pauper labor of the Old World."

THE DYNAMITERS.

AURORA, Ill., July 26.—The case of Bauereisen and Smith was before Justice Gates on the warrant sworn out on July 11 by Superintendent Alexander, which charged them with placing dynamite on the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy tracks at North Aurora on the night of June 14. Lawyer Dawes made the opening argument for the prosecution, reciting the details of the conspiracy as was shown at the hearing before Commissioner Hoyne, and when he had finished court adjourned to 1 o'clock. The trial will probably last through the week.

At the afternoon session Bowles was on the stand for three hours. He told the same story as before Commissioner Hoyne. He told of his trips to Indiana to get dynamite at Mr. Bauereisen's command and with money furnished by him. He related the circumstances of Bauereisen's speech in the brotherhood hall to the effect that the strikers were getting the worst of it and had better try dynamite. Bowles said that it was by Bauereisen's advice that he and Smith put the cartridge on the track at Eola, and that Bauereisen gave him two dollars to hire the rig they used to drive out there. He identified the dynamite in court as similar to that he had purchased in Indiana; also the letters and the draft that had been sent to him by Bauereisen.

Cashier Mix, of the First National Bank, identified the draft as one he had signed. He said that he had done considerable business with that gentleman during the last four months.

Bowles was called back for cross-examination, and was confused upon several points by Donahoe's style of questioning him, but his evidence on the whole was very clear and to the point. At the close of the cross-examination the witness admitted that he had told Smith and one or two others, while in jail in Chicago, that Bauereisen knew nothing of his bringing dynamite into the State, but he said on redirect examination that he did not tell the truth at that time. The court adjourned at 9:40 till 10:30 Friday morning.

An Unlucky Family.

NEW LEXINGTON, O., July 25.—Charles Miranda, a brakeman on the Cincinnati & Muskingum Valley railway, fell from a freight train near Bremen and was killed. His body was mangled beyond recognition. There seems to be a strange fatality connected with this family, as this is the seventh son killed on railroads.

Mr. Randall Doing Well.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—Mr. Randall is progressing satisfactorily. He left his bed for a short time, and is gaining strength rapidly.

A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a receipt that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the REV. JOSEPH T. INMAN, *Station D, New York City.*

Advice to Mothers.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP should always be used for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain; cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. 25c a bottle.

A VEXED QUESTION.

A Congressional Committee Investigating Immigration — Testimony Given by the New York Agent of a Steamship Line — How Impecunious Foreigners Are Shipped to America.

New York, July 26.—The Congressional Committee appointed to look into the immigration affairs of the country at large began its work at the Westminster Hotel. Chairman Melbourne H. Ford, of Michigan, and Congressmen W. W. Morrow, of California, and Richard Guenther, of Wisconsin, were the only members of the committee present, but General Salomon and Congressman Oates are expected. The Commissioners of Emigration were none of them present at the opening of the inquiry, nor was any one else there to represent Castle Garden.

The first witness to take the chair was E. L. Boas, passenger agent of the Hamburg Line of steamers. He was questioned about the manner in which his company transacted its passenger business. He said that his company had some 3,000 agents in different parts of this country, and about 40 per cent. of these agents' sales were prepaid passage tickets, sold to friends and relatives for people in Europe. In New York the company has about seventy-five agents, all of whom are paid commissions, and they sell about 75 per cent. of the emigrant tickets sold here in New York. The witness never knew of tickets being sold in quantities to any one person nor the employment agencies. He could not tell what was the highest number ever sold to any one person. About 75 per cent. of the passengers brought here by his line of steamers are emigrants. During the past five years they had landed 205,315 immigrants at Castle Garden. The company's agents sell tickets from any point in Europe to any point in this country. About one-third of the emigrants brought by this line stop here in New York and the balance go to points further West. Every man who buys a ticket has to present a passport showing that he is allowed to emigrate and has not committed any crime. The company, he said, takes great pains to inspect all passengers in order that none shall come over who would not be allowed to land here.

Mr. Coverly was the second witness examined. The committee devoted especial attention to the Mediterranean business by his company. Mr. Coverly stated that the following Italian emigrants had been brought here by his line in the years named: 1883, 10,336; 1884, 2,658; 1885, 3,146; 1886, 6,570; 1887, 11,128.

The majority of prepaid tickets from Italy, he said, were sold by the Italian bankers here in New York. They have a system of their own—a sort of wildcat speculation. They issue their own tickets, which are sold in the form of orders on their agents in Italy, and then when they have 100 or so issued they go to the steamship companies and make the best rates they can with them. In this way they sometimes make a handsome margin by picking up a tramp steamer at a low rate. Mr. Coverly thought fully 90 per cent. for the prepaid Italian tickets were sold by these Italian bankers. He said that 75 per cent. of the passengers from Italian ports remain in New York.

Arthur Lederer, passenger agent of the Red Star Line, was next called. His line runs between Antwerp and New York. In 1883 the Red Star ships brought to this port 34,170 emigrants; in 1884, 22,542; in 1885, 21,172; in 1886, 17,038; in 1887, 25,607. From January 1 to July 1 of this year he thought about 11,000 or 12,000 emigrants had arrived on the ships of his line. Ten per cent. of the tickets sold in New York had been prepaid. The fact was brought out that the Red Star Line is owned by the International Navigation Company, the stockholders of which are Americans.

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The best institution of the kind in the world, and the old Travelers Accident Insurance Co., THE LARGEST IN THE WORLD. Thankful for past favors and solicit ing a continuance of the same, I am,
Very Respectfully,
SILAS HAYNER, Agent.



Mrs. Dart's Triplets.

President Cleveland's Prize for the three best babies at the Aurora County Fair, in 1887, was given to these triplets. Mollie, Ida, and Ray, children of Mrs. A. K. Dart, Hamburgh, N. Y. She writes: "Last August the little ones became very sick, and as I could get no other food that would agree with them, I commenced the use of Lactated Food. It helped them immediately, and they were soon as well as ever, and I consider it very largely due to the Food that they are now so well." Lactated Food is the best Food for bottle-fed babies. It keeps them well, and is better than medicine when they are sick. Three sizes: 25c., 50c., $1.00. At druggists. Cabinet photo. of these triplets sent free to the mother of any baby born this year.
Address WELLS, RICHARDSON & CO., Burlington, Vt.

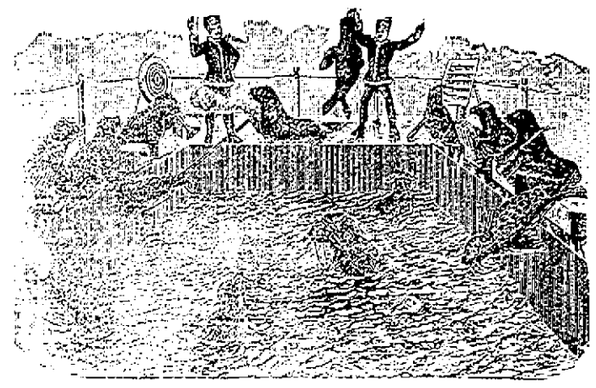
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JANESVILLE, THURSDAY, | **AUGUST 2.**

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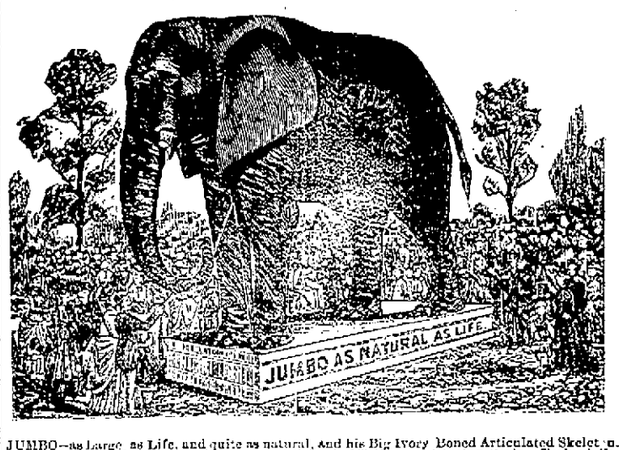


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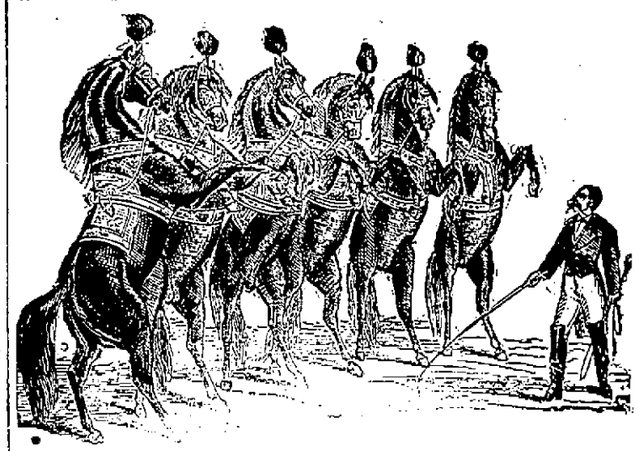


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Containing "Little Red Riding Hood," "Sinbad, the Sailor," "Sleeping Beauty," "Cinderella," "Mother Goose," "Santa Claus," "Old Woman in Shoe," and a mile of rich and rare features never seen before. Will leave the grounds at 9 o'clock a. m. Two exhibitions daily, at 2 and 8 p. m. All tents positively remain up until 9 o'clock at night.

Prices of Admission to the 15 shows as usual. Children under 9 years half price. To accommodate those wishing to avoid the crowds at the wagon, an office has been established at **Palmer & Steven's**, drug store, 29 East Milwaukee St., where reserved numbered tickets can be bought at the regular price, and admission tickets at the usual slight advance, on the morning of the show.

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Trunks and Satchels Cheap.

Lap Dusters Cheap.

Single Harness $7 per set.

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All kinds of goods in my line

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Languor, Headache, Constipation

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AGENTS WANTED to sell the PERSONAL Memoirs of Gen. P. H. Sheridan

Outfits now ready. Agents are surpassing their record on Grant's Memoirs. Chance of a lifetime to make money. Address C. B. BEACH & CO., Chicago, Ill.

THE GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, JULY 26.

PUBLISHED BY THE GAZETTE PRINTING COMPANY OF JANESVILLE, WIS., TERMS: DAILY $6.00 PER YEAR, PAYABLE MONTHLY. WEEKLY $1.50 PER YEAR CASH IN ADVANCE.

NICHOLAS SMITH, PRESIDENT.
H. F. BLISS, TREASURER AND MANAGER.
WM. BLADON, SECRETARY.
JOHN C. SPENCER, CITY EDITOR.

WILL FACE THE ISSUE.

Senators Reach a Definite Understanding on the Tariff.

A BILL TO BE PREPARED AT ONCE.

Land Products to Be Taxed—Facts for Wage-Workers—Rapid Work in the Senate on the Pension Bills—House Proceedings.

WILL PASS A BILL.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—A tariff conference of the Republican Senators was held at Senator Evarts' residence, at which a decision was reached that the Finance Committee shall prepare a tariff bill as a substitute for the Mills bill, and that it shall then be reported to the Senate and taken up and passed, regardless of the length of time this may require. Various propositions looking to an early adjournment and a postponement of the tariff battle until December were suggested, but the arguments advanced by the advocates of the policy of passing a bill and making the direct issue as early as possible were so strong that the assemblage became emphatically unanimous in favor of the course finally adopted. It was urged that the Democratic House had taken its time and consumed many months in framing and debating the measure it had put forth, and that the Republican Senate should not be curtailed of its full liberty of action on a question which so vitally affected the interests of the country and of the Republican party. The Finance Committee was instructed to continue its work and bring it to a conclusion as speedily as it could consistently with a careful performance of the task allotted to it. The bill will be an outgrowth of that already sketched by the sub-committee, but the views expressed by Senators and approved by a majority of the Senators will doubtless lead to some modifications and changes in detail. The net reduction of revenue to be attained will probably be between $65,000,000 and $80,000,000. The conference adjourned at midnight. No one—not even members of the Finance Committee—ventures to guess now at the length of the session. Among those who advocated the postponement of the tariff question until the next session was Senator Quay. He said, however, that it was for the doubtful States to decide what should be done in the matter. It is, therefore, evident that those States, which are regarded as pivotal States in the next election, favored the course decided upon.

LARD LEGISLATION.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—The action of the House Committee on Agriculture was a surprise. It reconsidered its action of last week in referring to a subcommittee the Compound lard bill and all adulterated food bills before the committee with instructions to report by bill or otherwise in December next, and decided to report to the House the Lee bill to prevent the sale, manufacture, or transportation of adulterated articles of food, drink and drugs; also a substitute for the Butterworth bill defining lard, and imposing a tax of two mills a pound on compound lard, and regulating its sale, importation and exportation. The substitute for the Butterworth lardine bill is patterned closely after the oleomargarine act, and is entitled: "A bill to protect the manufacture and sale of pure lards."

FACTS FOR WAGE-WORKERS.

WASHINGTON, July 25.—The third annual report of Commissioner Carroll D. Wright, chief of the Bureau of Labor, is published. The statistics contained in the volume indicates that the claims of great prosperity are not borne out by the discoveries made by the officials and employes of the Bureau. The tables devoted to the causes of strikes form an interesting study for the wage-earner. For the five years ending with 1886, which is the last year for which the statistics has been gathered, the following are the figures for New York State. The number of establishments in which strikes were inaugurated in 1882 was 317. In 1883 the number of establishments involved was 902. In 1884 there were 951 involved. In 1885 the number fell to 647; but in 1886 the number reached the enormous total of 4,490 establishments, or 1,143 more than the combined number for the preceding four years.

SCOTT WILL NOT REN AGAIN.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—Congressman Scott, of Pennsylvania, who has been ill for a day or two, expects to go to New York to engage in the work of the campaign committee. He says nothing can induce him to again run for Congress.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—In the Senate Senator Cullom (Ill.) introduced a resolution, which went over, instructing the Inter-State Commerce Committee to ascertain what steps are necessary to be taken to protect the interests of the American people on the Canadian border and to prevent the monopolizing of traffic by the Canadian Pacific railway through the acquisition of railroads in Minnesota, and rendering nugatory the Inter-State law.

The Senate resumed consideration of the Naval Appropriation bill, the pending question being on the amendment striking out of the bill the item for the expenses of a commission to locate a navy-yard and docks on the gulf coast. The provision was retained in the bill, modified (on motion of Senator Reagan) by including the Mississippi river. The cause now appropriates $15,000 for the expenses of a commission of three officers to be appointed by the Secretary of the Navy to report as to the most desirable location on or near the coast of the Gulf of Mexico or on the Mississippi river for a navy-yard and docks for shipping, and for the expenses of sounding and surveying and estimating expenses, and directs a like commission for the Northern Pacific coast ($5,000 of the $15,000 to be applicable to that purpose). The bill was then passed.

The Senate bill appropriating $75,000 for a public building at Allentown, Pa., was passed. (The Allentown bill vetoed by the President appropriated $100,000.)

The Senate then proceeded to pass the private pension bills on the calendar and disposed of them all—127—in fifty minutes.

Senator Spooner (Wis.), from the Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds, reported favorably a bill to appropriate $100,000 for a public building at Muskegon, Mich.

Senator Hiscock (N. Y.) introduced the more or less well-known Service-Pension bill providing that all persons who served three months or more in the military or naval service of the United States between April 12, 1861, and July 1, 1866, shall be entitled to a pension at the rate per month of one cent for each day's service.

HOUSE.

There was a very slim attendance of members in the House, not more than 125 being present at any time. The bill to establish a United States Land Court to investigate and settle private land claims in Arizona, New Mexico and Colorado was taken up, and after some discussion was, on motion of Mr. Smith (A. T.) amended so as to exempt Arizona from the provisions of the bill. The bill was then passed—yeas, 70; nays, 24. The House then went into committee of the whole on the Oklahoma bill, but as no member seemed ready to discuss the bill the committee immediately rose. Then there was a scramble on the part of many members to secure recognition from the Speaker for unanimous consent to pass bills. Several private bills only successfully ran the gauntlet of objections and were passed. The House at 4:40 p. m. took a recess until 8 o'clock.

The night session was a complete fiasco. The first measure was called up by Mr. Bowden (Va.), and, this having been objected to, he retaliated by objecting to the next bill, and as each consecutive measure was called up there was a chorus of objections. Several members, aware that no business could be accomplished, interposed motions to adjourn, but they were invariably voted down, until Mr. Stone (Ky.), chairman of the Committee on War Claims, moved an adjournment, which, at 9:20 o'clock, was carried.

KILLED ONE OF THE GIRLS.

Terrible Accident in an Old New York Armory—Narrow Escapes.

NEW YORK, July 26.—An old armory at Elm and White streets has been used for commercial purposes for some years, though still owned by the city. Wednesday the gallery along thirty-two feet of one side of the building collapsed and fell, carrying down with it five heavy folding machines and about fifty girls and women. Over 200 girls and women were at work at the time in the building, and they fled panic-stricken to the street. Effort was at once made to get out those confined in the ruins. Women were shrieking and fainting, and shrieks and moans of pain and fright came from the wreck. Blocks were rigged up and the work of removal began. Six girls went down in the wreck to the ground floor. The rest managed to escape. Two of the six girls were uninjured, though badly frightened. Mary Magnell, of Brooklyn, lay dead, her hands clutching a piece of the sheet she was holding when the crash came. Two other girls had fallen in such a way that the debris formed an arch over their heads. They were unhurt. The sixth, Mrs. Mary McDonald, was badly bruised about one leg. She was taken home.

COLD-WATER ADVOCATES.

Minnesota Prohibitionists Name a State Ticket, and Denounce a Part of the Republican Platform.

ST. PAUL, Minn., July 26.—The Prohibition State convention nominated this ticket:

For Governor, Hugh Harrison, of Hennepin County. For Secretary of State, Peter Thompson, of Nobles County. For Treasurer, John M. Allen, of Fergus Falls. For Attorney-General, Charles F. Shannon, of Duluth.

Also a full electoral ticket was named and a platform adopted, one of the planks of which is:

"*Resolved*, That the announced intention of the Republican party to remove from tobacco and intoxicating beverages the internal-revenue taxes without abolishing the saloons, and for the purpose of maintaining a high protective tariff upon articles of necessity in the ordinary use, will result in cheap whisky and tobacco and high-priced clothing, and is opposed to the best interests of the people."

Nominated for Congress.

CHARLESTON, S. C., July 26.—Hon. G. W. Dargan was renominated for Congress by the Democratic convention at Florence.

HAMILTON, Mo., July 26.—James Love, of Liberty County, was nominated for Congress by the Republicans of the Third district.

WHEELING, W. Va., July 26.—The Democrats of the Fourth Congressional district nominated J. M. Jackson for Congress at Parkersburg. The Second district Democrats, at Piedmont, renominated W. A. Wilson by acclamation.

ST. LOUIS, July 26.—The Democrats of the Eighteenth Illinois district, in convention at Alton, nominated William S. Forman for Congress.

France and the United States.

PARIS, July 26.—*La France* states that several members of the Chamber of Deputies, headed by M. Passy, sent to M. Goblet, Minister of Foreign Affairs, recently, a resolution in favor of the conclusion of an arbitration treaty between France and the United States. M. Goblet, in reply, said the Government was attending to every thing adding to the guarantees of peace, but it was hardly possible to give practical effect to the resolution.

Blaine's Reception.

NEW YORK, July 26.—Plans for the reception of Mr. Blaine when he reaches this city on his return from Europe continue to grow in magnitude, and the ovation promises to be one of the greatest ever tendered to an American citizen in his own country. Delegations of prominent Republicans from as far away as Texas and California will be on hand, and several large parties will go down the harbor on steamers to meet the returning traveler.

Michigan's Gold Fields.

ISHPEMING, Mich., July 26.—The discovery of gold made here last Friday proves fully as rich as at first reported. Many mining men from different sections are here. Nearly all the lands in Marquette County are owned by mining companies and there are no pioneer mines. Work is being done on a number of prospects near the Lake Superior shaft with encouraging results.

The Italian Immigration Rumpus.

ROME, July 26.—The *Riforma* has an article on the agitation that is being carried on in the United States against Italian immigration. The *Riforma* says that the movement in question is based solely upon an unreasonable hatred of the Italian element, and that public opinion in Italy will not allow the question to drop.

A Rejected Lover's Crime.

DRYDEN, N. Y., July 26.—Ben Dutton, a farm-hand, went to the house of John Lamont, living near here, and shot Mr. Lamont and Miss Root, a young woman employed in the house. He then went into the woods and killed himself. Miss Root, by the advice of Mr. Lamont, had rejected his addresses.

Chicago's Population.

CHICAGO, July 26.—The completion of the school census of 1888 shows Chicago's population to be 862,651, an increase in two years of 98,884. The total for Cook County is 1,071,985, an increase in two years of 151,583, and in eight years of 461,361.

Heavy Decrease in Buckeye Sheep.

COLUMBUS, O., July 26.—Reports from eighty-six of the eighty-eight counties of Ohio show that the number of sheep in those counties has decreased from 4,105,371 in 1887 to 3,778,819, a loss of 326,552 in one year.

A Plot Against Ferdinand's Life.

SOFIA, July 26.—It is learned that the object of the plot which was discovered at Rustchuk was to murder Prince Ferdinand. Two of the ringleaders, Bogutieff and Ivanoff, have been arrested.

The Connecticut Republican State convention will meet at Hartford August 14-15.

Six Persons Drowned in California.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., July 25.—Six residents of San Pablo have been drowned off Santa Catalina Island. They took an open boat to go around the island and were swamped. An Italian fisherman saw the boat upset, but the heavy sea prevented him giving assistance. The boat came ashore bottom up.

Passed Away.

NEW YORK, July 26.—Colonel James Stevenson, of the United States Geological Survey, and for many years connected with the ethnological department of the Smithsonian Institution at Washington, died at the Gilsey House of disease of the heart.

An Express Company Robbed of $10,000.

PORTLAND, Ore., July 26.—A package of $10,000 sent by the Pacific Express Company by steamer from Portland to Astoria is missing and is believed to have been stolen.

For over eight years I have suffered from catarrh, which affected my eyes and hearing; have employed many physicians without relief. I am now on my second bottle of Ely's Cream Balm and feel confident of a complete cure.—Mary C. Thompson, Cerro Gordo, Ill.

Being a sufferer from chronic catarrh and having derived great benefit from the use of Ely's Cream Balm I can highly recommend it. Its sales are far in excess of all other catarrh remedies.—B. Franken, Druggist, Sigourney, Iowa.

Wonderful Cures.

W. D. Hoyt & Co., Wholesale and Retail Druggists of Rome, Ga., say: We have been selling Dr. King's New Discovery, Electric Bitters and Bucklen's Arnica Salve for two years. Have never handled remedies that sell as well, or give such universal satisfaction. There have been some wonderful cures effected by these medicines in this city. Several cases of pronounced Consumption have been entirely cured by use of a few bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery, taken in connection with Electric Bitters. We guarantee them always. Sold by Frank Sherer & Co.

A HIGH OLD TIME.

A Negro Convention at Indianapolis Opens with a Row.

BLOWS STRUCK AND REVOLVERS DRAWN.

The Permanent Chairmanship the Bone of Contention—The Democratic Nominees Indorsed—An Exciting Scene.

A FACTION FIGHT.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., July 26.—The negro Democratic National conference, called by J. Milton Turner and seventeen other colored men, convened in the rooms of the Hendricks Club in this city at 11 o'clock a. m. All delegates who were admitted were required to present credentials to Dr. C. N. Metcalf, secretary of the Indiana State Board of Health. Some sixty-four delegates were present.

J. Milton Turner called the conference to order. Thomas Fortune, of the New York *Sun*, a delegate, wanted all outsiders excluded until after the temporary organization had been perfected. This proposition was opposed, and after a prolonged wrangle over the question Acting Chairman Turner finally recognized the point of order raised that a committee had already determined upon the temporary organization. In sustaining this point Turner added that the meeting had been called as a Democratic negro conference by a selection of what was believed to be the best negro culture in the United States, and there was no desire to conceal any thing from the newspapers or the public.

Fortune then demanded to know by what authority any so-called committee had effected a temporary organization, and moved that the conference proceed to appoint a committee on temporary organization. His motion was tabled, and Turner, prior to surrendering the chair, said he believed it was time for the negro voters to assert their understanding at least of the primary principles of American sovereignty. The elevation of Cleveland to the Presidency, he said, had brought political emancipation, which was felt by no one more than the negroes, and they had the honesty and courage to meet Grover Cleveland's Administration half way.

At the close of Turner's address he introduced Charles H. Shelton, of Evansville, Ind., as the temporary chairman. Shelton, in the course of his speech, mentioned that it was through the aid of Democratic soldiers that he had escaped into Ohio while a slave. He believed the conference would eventually be the means of settling the negro problem, and it was the purpose of the delegates to break what Republicans call the solid South.

Noah Plummer, of Massachusetts, was made temporary secretary. A resolution indorsing Cleveland and Thurman was adopted by a unanimous viva-voce vote. The rest of the session was occupied in a noisy and heated wrangle over the formation of a committee on permanent organization.

The afternoon session was far more stormy than the morning. The committee on permanent organization presented a majority and minority report. Thomas Brown, of Springfield, Ill., presented the majority report, which recommended Prof. Peter H. Clark, of Ohio, for permanent chairman; Thomas Fortune, of New York, for permanent secretary, and E. A. Payne, of Illinois, for sergeant-at-arms. Joseph Houser, of Illinois, presented the minority report, which named J. Milton Turner for permanent chairman.

A motion to substitute the minority for the majority report brought two-thirds of the delegates to their feet and pandemonium reigned. The chairman finally recognized a large number of delegates who vehemently advocated either Clark or Turner. C. H. J. Taylor, of Kansas City, ex-minister to Liberia, urged the election of Clark, declaring that new converts to Democracy should not be put in charge of the ship. He spoke of Prof. Clark as the "noblest negro Roman of them all." Great confusion again prevailed. Turner finally obtained the floor and, replying to Taylor, called him a National buffoon, which threw the convention into a state of excitement. The other speakers were William T. Scott, of Cairo; J. T. V. Hill, of Indianapolis; Fortune, of New York; Ogilby and Edward Brown, of Ohio; Dawson, of Chicago; Chairman Shelton and half a dozen others.

A roll-call was ordered, and it was nearly 6 o'clock when Secretary Plummer, an avowed Turner partisan, announced that the vote stood a tie—32 for Clark and 32 for Turner. This announcement was the signal for an uprising. There was a wild rush toward Plummer and cries of "Fraud! thief!" and "You're a liar!" were roared from all sides of the hall. The friends of Clark gathered around Plummer, and the Turner men shook their fists angrily at him, denouncing him in vehement and profane terms.

Finally W. T. Scott, who was conspicuously endeavoring to defend Plummer, was struck in the face by some one. This was an insult only blood could avenge, and Scott drew a revolver from his pocket and selected Mail Agent Ogilby, of Columbus, O., as his victim. Matters were now at a white heat. The spectators, both white and black, at the sight of pistols made a mad rush for the door and tumbled pell-mell downstairs. Meantime Ogilby and a half-dozen others had drawn their fire-arms and bloodshed seemed imminent, when a colored police officer rushed in, and with assistance shoved the struggling combatants into the directors' room in the rear, where they ineffectually tried to shoot one another. Scott and Ogilby were placed under arrest, but the officer was prevailed upon to release them, declaring he did so chiefly because he was a colored Republican. Many delegates had also fled during the fracas.

Chairman Shelton finally restored order and announced that the true vote was 32 for Clark and 30 for Turner, and he therefore declared Peter H. Clark, of Ohio, the permanent presiding officer of the conference, which then adjourned mid confusion until morning. It is thought Turner and his followers will refuse to enter the conference and will form an organization of their own.

Fifteen of the colored delegates made an informal call on General Harrison about 8:30 p. m. The General received them in his library and shook hands all around, talking freely with them. The callers were chiefly delegates from Pennsylvania, and it is said they all belong to the Turner wing of the conference.

All Held for Conspiracy.

CHICAGO, July 26.—A Bohemian named Rudolph Savic, a gunsmith, was arrested in this city on the charge of supplying the dynamite conspirators recently arrested here with the explosive material which they designed using against Judge Gary, Judge Grinnell and others.

The grand jury has returned indictments on charges of conspiracy to commit murder against Chleboun, Hronek, Chapek and Levic, the principals in the plot against the lives of Judges Grinnell and Gary and Inspector Bonfield.

Beckie's Arnica Salve

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by F. Sherer & Co.

An Explanation.

What is the nervous trouble with which so many seem now to be afflicted. If you will remember a few years ago the word malaria was comparatively unknown—to-day it is as common as any word in the English language, yet this word covers only the meaning of another word used by our forefathers in times past. So it is with nervous diseases, as they and Malaria are intended to cover what our grandfathers called Biliousness, and are all caused by troubles that arise from a diseased condition of the Liver which in performing its functions finding it cannot dispose of the bile through the ordinary channels is compelled to pass it off through the system, causing nervous troubles, Malaria, Bilious Fever, etc. You who are suffering can well appreciate a cure. We recommend Green's August Flower. Its cures are marvelous.

J. M. BOSTWICK & SONS.

We will make you COOL, COMFORTABLE and CONTENT with our stock of

SUMMER DRY GOODS!

At the prices we are making. Lots of inducements. We are bound to stay on top if there is any

Power in Prices. Virtue in Values. Benfit in Bargains

People know when we say a thing we mean it. Drop in and see us. You will be glad you come.

OUR SPECIAL SALES!

Which we have announced weekly, have produced the most gratifying results to our patrons and to ourselves. They have offered to our customers attractions without parallel in the trade. For us they have kept business on the boom, especially noticeable since July 4—a period invariably the dullest of the year, but with us this season it has been unusually active. While no wrong was meant other merchants when we started the movement, we will keep it up just for the sake of trade.

BRILLIANT BARGAINS THIS WEEK IN

SUMMER - HOSIERY - AND - CORSTES.

There are many echoes but only one voice. We set the value and make it known.

50 dozen Ladies' regular made brilliant Lisle Hose, others claims worth 60c and hold them at 50c; but our price this week is 25c a pair.

50 dozen Ladies' regular made Balbriggan Hose at 12 1-2c a pair—just half the regular figure.

Thompson's celebrated glove-fitting Ventilating Corsets, at 60c, regular price $1 00.

Thompson's Glove-fitting French Cautil Corsets all sizes; we offer them this week at 50c.

Dr Warner's Abdominal Corsets at $1 00; regular price $2 25.

A Great line of plain and fancy novelties in Hosiery worth up to 75c; this week at 35c a pair.



WE CONTINUE OUR SLAUGHTER SALE OF

Parasols - and - Umbrellas!

HUNDREDS OF THEM AT NOMINAL PRICES.

LOW FIGURES THIS WEEK IN OUR

MILLINERY DEPARTMENT.

ARCHIE REID.

The Newspaper Revolution.

From the Rockford (Ill.) Register.

"The era of cumbrous blanket-sheets seems coming to an end, and newspapers like the *New York Sun* and THE CHICAGO DAILY NEWS are the prominent journalistic successes of the period. The papers that give enough reading matter to fill a good volume in each daily issue are going out of favor with many people, who have some other employment for their time than the search through mountains of straw for kernels of news. The sheets that give the news systematically and amply; and without unnecessary padding, are taking the lead in the great cities."

Forty years ago the chief duty of an editor, in view of his limited facilities, was to gather all the news he could and print it. Intelligence was transmitted slowly; many occurrences of interest were never heard of beyond their immediate locality; ocean mails were long in transit, and the overthrow of an European dynasty was not known here until long after the event. Suddenly there came a change. The railroad and the telegraph superseded old methods, and the newspaper was literally flooded with news. The death of a petty ward politician in San Francisco, the result of a Presidential election, the accession of a sovereign, the outbreak of a war, and notice that a shanty had been burden in Texas, all were hurried over the wires into the newspaper offices, and there being no idea of discrimination, all were printed. Thus originated the "blanket sheet." The publisher who could send out the biggest blanket for a nickel was the most enterprising; the biggest paper was the best; it was a period of bigness. But after a time the very excess of the evil brought the remedy, and there began an era of discrimination, during which arose such journals as the *New York Sun* and THE CHICAGO DAILY NEWS. That the public appreciated the new departure is best evidenced in the fact that the *Sun* reached a circulation of 150,000 a day, and THE DAILY NEWS 175,000. The wonderful and constantly growing popularity of the condensed, low-priced papers has so far brought the cumbrous and high-priced blanket-sheets to their senses, that they have now somewhat reformed both as to size and price, but they are still too far removed from the true ideal of American journalism to meet the needs of the great majority.

In the west THE CHICAGO DAILY NEWS has been the first to appreciate and meet the situation, and it now enjoys the results of its twelve years of pioneer work in a daily circulation averaging over three times that of any of its contemporaries, and considerably more than the circulations of all other Chicago dailies combined. It is hardly necessary to say that such a circulation could not be attained, much less maintained, except by a paper of high grade of excellence, as well as one sold at a popular price. To win such recognition the cheap paper must be *as good a newspaper* as the best of its higher-priced competitors. And this THE DAILY NEWS certainly is. It is a member of the Associated Press, and is the only paper in Chicago which possesses a franchise which secures to it both the day and night dispatches of the Association. In the general field of news-gathering it represents in the highest degree the progressive enterprise of American journalism: as a *news*-paper it challenges comparison with any in the land. In its editorial columns THE DAILY NEWS speaks from the standpoint of the independent newspaper, and thereby escapes the temptation of impairing honest and honorable influence by condoning or defending the questionable under the pressure of party allegiance. It is not an organ, neither is it a neutral in questions of principle. It has the courage of its convictions. The organ of no party, sect or interest, it voices the united demand of all those better elements of society in behalf of purity, honesty and decency in all the relations of life. By just so much as it thus commends itself to the regard of the truly "best people" of the community does it voluntarily renounce any community of interest with all others.

So conspicious a success must have its imitators, and THE DAILY NEWS has the endorsement such imitation always bestows. However as it is the only one-cent paper in Chicago or the West which is a member of the Associated Press—all other Chicago Associated Press papers cost 3 cents—all imitation must continue, so far as *news giving value* is concerned, to be but imitation. THE CHICAGO DAILY NEWS is "the original," "the best."

Sold by all newsdealers at ONE CENT per copy, six cents per week. Mailed, postage paid, for $3.00 per year, or 25 cents per month. Every farmer can now have his daily paper at little more than the cost of the old time weekly. Address

VICTOR F. LAWSON, Publisher THE DAILY NEWS, Chicago

PAINT YOUR BUGGY for ONE DOLLAR

Use Only COIT & CO'S ONE-COAT BUGGY PAINT. Paint Friday, run it to Church Sunday. Eight Fashionable Shades: Black, Maroon, Vermillion, Blue, Yellow, Olive, Lake. Brewster and Wagon Greens. No Varnishing necessary. Dries hard with a shine. One Coat and job's done. Indispensable to Farmers, Livery-Stable Keepers, and Repair Shops. The greatest money-saving invention of the age. Everybody can use it. Just the thing for the ladies to use about the house. Avoid worthless imitations. We warrant ours not to turn white and to wear at least one year. A quart does a buggy complete.

COIT & CO'S HONEST HOUSE-PAINT

Are you going to Paint this year? If so don't buy a paint containing water or benzine when for the same money you can procure COIT & CO'S PURE PAINT that is warranted to be an HONEST, GENUINE LINSEED-OIL PAINT and free from water and benzine, and backed by the name and reputation of a firm well known and authorized by us, in writing, to warrant it to wear 5 YEARS with 2 COATS or 3 YEARS with 1 COAT. Our Shades are the Latest Styles used in the Best now becoming so popular in the West, and up with the times. Try this brand of HONEST PAINT. You will never regret it. You run no risk. Every job and every gallon warranted. Cheap imitations cost less, give more profit but no satisfaction and life is too short to waste time and money on them.

FLOOR-PAINT that WONT DRY STICKY

Ever buy Floor Paint that never dried beyond the sticky point, waste a week, spoil the job, then swear? Next time buy COIT'S FLOOR-PAINT, 4 suitable shades, warranted to dry hard as a rock over night. No trouble. No swearing. Be cautious when substitutes are offered by Dealers, stating that "they are as good" as ours. It is not so. COIT & CO., of CHICAGO, Manufacturers

New Process

OF

CONCRETE WALKS

The undersigned is now prepared to take all contracts offered, and complete all work in a workmanlike manner. This process makes a smooth, durable, hard walk, that can be used immediately. Leave orders at the City Bakery or by postal card.

Respectfully,

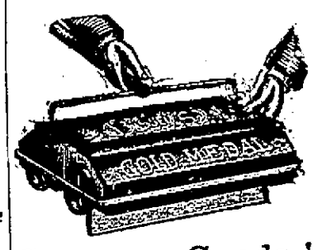
J. A. DENNISTON.

Wheelock's Crockery Store

Is making special

LOW PRICES!

ON



Summer Goods!

To close them out. Now is the time to get a

JEWETT REFRIGERATOR,
ICE CREAM FREEZER,
WATER COOLER,
BIRD CAGE,
HAMMOCK,
CARPET SWEEPER,
BABY CARRIAGE.

Some bargains in English Print Dinner Sets, $8 00 up; Printed Chamber Sets $2 25 up; Glass Stand Lamps, 15c up; Many new pieces in Glassware—inexpensive and pretty. New Goods arriving all the time. NOVELTIES on the 5, 10 and 25c Counters.

POST OFFICE.

The closing of mails from February 26, 1888, until further notice will be as follows:

Milwaukee, Milton, Whitewater, Palmyra, Monroe, Brodhead, Beloit and Rockford, Illinois............ 9:00 a. m.
Milwaukee and way, Chicago and Cedar Rapids—(west of De Kalb, Ill.)............11:30 a. m.
Chicago and Eastern, Racine and Rock Island—east, Chicago and Rock Island—west, Chicago and Winona via Madison............ 12:30 m.
Northern............ 1:00 p. m.
Chicago and Eastern via Afton..... 2:10 p. m.
Milwaukee and Prairie du Chien—west, (Northern Iowa, Minnesota and Dakota, Milton, Leyden, Center and Fellows............ 4:30 p. m.
Milwaukee and Mineral Point via Monroe and Darlington............ 5:30 p. m.
Beloit............ 5:30 p. m.
Chicago and Winona, via Madison 8:00 p. m.
Chicago and Eastern............ 8:00 p. m.
Chicago and La Crosse—(East and west of Watertown)............ 8:00 p. m.

OVERLAND.

Emerald Grove and Fairfield .... 2 00 p. m.
Johnstown and Richmond............ 2:00 p. m.

The collection of mail by carriers will be made at the hours designated upon the card attached to each mail box.

MONEY ORDER DEPARTMENT.

The attention of the public is called and recommended to the use of the Money Order system as a prompt, cheap and safe method of transmitting small sums of money. The fees for Money Orders are as follows

Orders not exceeding $5, five cents.
Orders exceeding $5 and not exceeding $10, 8 cents.
Orders exceeding $10 and not exceeding $15, 10 cents.
Orders exceeding $15 and not exceeding $30, 25 cents.
Orders exceeding $30 and not exceeding $40, 20 cents.
Orders exceeding $40 and not exceeding $50, 25 cents.
Orders exceeding $50 and not exceeding $60, 30 cents.
Orders exceeding $60 and not exceeding $70, 35 cents.
Orders exceeding $70 and not exceeding $80, 40 cents.
Orders exceeding $80 and not exceeding $100, 45 cents.

OFFICE HOURS.

For delivery of mail, etc., from 8 a. m. to 8 p. m.
Money Order department, from 8 a. m. to 8 p. m.
On Sunday for delivery of mail, from 12 to 1 p. m.

CLARENCE L. CLARK, P. M.

RAILROAD TIME TABLE

—:o:—

Chicago & Northwestern.

Trains at Janesville Station.

DEPART.

For Chicago*	8:25 A
For Chicago	7:00 A M
For Chicago, Clinton and Sharon (dining car breakfast*	6:15 A M
For Chicago	12:30 P M
For Chicago, Beloit and Rockford*	2:30 P M
For Madison and Winona	12:30 P M
For Evansville, Madison and St. Paul and Winona (new line)*	2:00 A M
For Madison and St. Paul	8:45 P M
For Beloit and Caledonia	8:20 A M
For Beloit	8:40 A M
For Beloit, Belvidere, Sycamore, DeKalb, Cedar Rapids, Omaha, Rockford	12:05 P M
For Beloit and Rockford	7:35 P M
For Watertown, Oshkosh and Green Bay	1:20 P M
For Watertown, Oshkosh and Green Bay	8:35
For Watertown, Fond du Lac and points north	6:15 A M
For Milwaukee and Waukesha	1:20 P M

ARRIVE.

From Milwaukee and Waukesha	9:10 P M
From Chicago*	2:00 A M
From Chicago, Sharon and Clinton*	9:10 P M
From Beloit and Chicago*	1.15 P M
From Chicago	8:30 P M
From Beloit and Rockford	8:40 A M
From Beloit, Rockford, Belvidere and DeKalb	7:20 P M
From Beloit and Caledonia	9:40 P M
From Green Bay, Oshkosh and Watertown	12:01 P M
From Green Bay, Oshkosh and Watertown	6:05 A M
From Madison and Winona	3:15 P M
From Madison and St Paul*	6 15 A M
From Madison, Evansville and St. Paul and Winona (new line)	8:25 A M
From Watertown, Fond du Lac and points north	9:10 P M

*Daily.
†Daily except Monday.
All other trains daily except Sunday.

C. A. POTTER, Agent, Janesville, Wis.
M. HUGHITT, Gen'l Supt.
E. P. WILSON, General Passenger Agent.

Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul.

TRAINS LEAVE.

For Mineral Point	9:30 A M
For Milwaukee	5:15 P M
For Milwaukee and Chicago	9:25 A M 12:55 P M
For Madison and Portage	9:25 A M
For Madison, Prairie du Chien and West	5:30 P M
For Chicago, Beloit, Rockford and Rock Island	9:23 A M
For Chicago, Council Bluffs and West	12:55 P M
For Beloit and Rockford	6:25 P M
For Monroe, Mineral Point, Platteville and Shullsburg	9:30 A M
For Platteville and Shullsburg (mail)	6:25 P M
For Monroe (freight and passenger)	10:15 P M

TRAINS ARRIVE.

From Milwaukee	9:20 A M
From Milwaukee and Chicago	6:20 P M 8:50 P M
From St. Paul, Madison and Portage	9:13 A M 1:08 P M
From Chicago, Rockford and Beloit	2:50 P M
From Rock Island, St. Louis & West	8:50 A M
From Chicago, Council Bluffs and Southwest	5:15 P M
From Platteville, Mineral Point, Darlington and Monroe	9:00 A M
From Mineral Point & Monroe	5 10 P M
From Monroe (freight and passenger)	8:10 P M

H. H. JOHNSON, Agent.
A. V. H. CARPENTER, Gen. Pass. Agt.

THE CHICAGO AND NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY

Penetrates the Centres of Population in

ILLINOIS, IOWA
WISCONSIN
MICHIGAN,
MINNESOTA,
DAKOTA,
NEBRASKA AND WYOMING.

Its TRAIN SERVICE is carefully arranged to meet requirements of local travel, as well as to furnish the most attractive Routes for through travel between important

TRADE CENTRES.

Its EQUIPMENT of Day and Parlor Cars, Dining and Palace Sleeping Cars is without rival.

Its ROAD BED is perfection, of stone-ballasted Steel.

The NORTH-WESTERN is the favorite route for the Commercial Traveler, the Tourist and the Seekers after New Homes in the Golden Northwest.

Detailed information cheerfully furnished by

C. A. POTTER, Agent, Janesville, Wis.
J. M. WHITMAN, General Manager.
H. C. WICKER, Traffic Manager.
E. P. WILSON, General Passenger Agent.

THE CHICAGO MILWAUKEE AND ST PAUL RAILWAY CO.

Owns and operates nearly 5,650 miles of thoroughly equipped road in Illinois, Wisconsin Iowa Missouri, Minnesota and Dakota.

It is the Best Direct Route between all principal points in the Northwest Southwest and Far West.

For maps, time tables, rates of passage and freight, etc., apply to the nearest station agent of the CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE & ST. PAUL RAILWAY, or to any railroad agent anywhere in the World.

ROSWELL MILLER, General Manager.
A. V. H. CARPENTER, Gen. Pass. & Ticket Agt.
J. F. TUCKER, Asst. Genl. Man.
GEO. H. HEAFFORD, Asst. Gen. Pass. & Tkt. Agt.
MILWAUKEE, WISCONSIN.

For information in reference to Lands and Towns owned by the CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE & ST. PAUL RAILWAY COMPANY, write to H. G. HAUGAN and Commissioner, MILWAUKEE WISCONSIN.

DON'T SCOLD

a man for groaning when he has Rheumatism or Neuralgia. The pain is simply awful. No torture in the ancient times was more painful than these twin diseases. But—oughtn't a man to be blamed if, having Rheumatism or Neuralgia, he wont use Ath-lo-pho-ros, when it has cured thousands who have suffered in the same way? It has cured hundreds after physicians have pronounced them incurable.

"The skill of five physicians could not cure me of Rheumatism which had settled in the hips, neck and shoulders. So intense was the pain that sleep was almost impossible. The first dose of Athlophoros gave me relief, and the third enabled me to sleep for four and a half hours without waking. I continued its use, and am now well."
REV. S. H. TROYER, New Albany, Ind.

Send 6 cents for the beautiful colored picture, "Moorish Maiden."

THE ATHLOPHOROS CO. 112 Wall St. N.Y.

Continued Clearances!

We're selling all our Summer Goods now at JULY PRICES. Everything is fresh, elegant, stylish. Everything WE handle we buy from the best manufacturers, and the goods themselves are the best that judgment and money can procure:

Here are some:

50-inch FRENCH SERGES, in browns, wine drab, plum. Former price, $1.00. Clearing Sale Price - - - - - 75c
Another lot of the 50 in. LENNOX SUITINGS. Worth 85c. Clearing Sale Price - 48c
46-in. FRENCH CASHMERES, in plum, terra-cotta, light and dark bronze and blue. Worth 85c. Clearing Sale Price - 50c
42 inch French Corded ARMURES, in browns, plums, drabs, peacock blue, light wine and cardinal. Worth 75c. Clearing Sale Price - - - - - 50c
50 & 56 in. LADIES' CLOTH at - 75c and $1.00
36 in. HENRIETTAS, new colors, at - 25c
A good line of PLAIDS, STRIPES and MIXTURES, at - - - - 12½c
Full lines of other seasonable Dress Goods at............85c, 75c, 65c, $1.00

You'll make more dollars from this time forward by dealing at Morgan's than you ever have. Lower prices and brisker sales must pull down the beam for the weightiest season we've had since we've been in business. And you're tied with us in carrying out this programme, for it means better and better for you!

RECOLLECT, "JULY PRICES!"

Those who come to the SCOTCH PICNIC on July 26, should call on us.

—:o:—

JAMES MORGAN,

386, 388 and 390 East Water St., Milwaukee, Wis.

Mail Orders Promptly Filled.

PLUMBING,

Steam and Gas Fitting

We keep in stock Steam and Gas Fitting Goods, Steam Packing, Gas Fixtures, &c.

—PUMPS—

And Pump repairs, Water, Sewer and Soil Pipe put in.

GEO. K. COLLING & CO.

No. 5, N. Franklin Street.

dec8dly

GRISWOLD & PALMER'S,

28 Main Street,

Is the place to buy

LAWN MOWERS,
REFRIGERATORS,
AND GASOLINE STOVES

Of the latest improved Patterns.

Nails, Builder's Hardware, Garden and Farming Tools, Tin and Galvanized Iron Work, Hot Air Furnaces, etc., at the lowest Cash prices. Come and see.

Strictly Wholesale!

JAMES WHITTAKER,

WHOLESALE DEALER ONLY IN

Imported and Key West

And manufacturer of fine domestic

CIGARS!

A large selection always on hand, which are handled at retail by all the principal dealers. Myers' Block Janesville, Wis. Private brands a specialty.

Minnesota Leads the World

With her stock, dairy and grain products. 4,000,000 acres fine timber, farming and grazing lands, adjacent to railroad, for sale cheap on easy terms. For maps, prices, rates, etc., address J. Bookwalter, Land Commissioner, or C. H. Warren, General Passenger Agent, St. Paul, Minn. Ask for Book H.

ST. PAUL MINNEAPOLIS MANITOBA RAILWAY



THE HAMMOND Type Writer.

Has changeable type Seven styles. Equal to any in speed and manifolding. Superior to all in simplicity and durability of construction.

E. R. INMAN, Agent. (Court House.)

Remingtons and Caligraphs taken in exchange, at good allowance. may5 3m

IF YOU WISH!

To find the store that keeps the best assortment and sell the cheapest, just call at

E. HALL'S.

55 West Milwaukee Street.

[where you can find

Dry Goods, Tinware, Crockery, Hats, Gloves, Grain Bags, Carpet Warp, Bird Cages, Men's Clothing, White Shirts, Wooden ware, Ladies' Underwear, Whitewash Brushes,

And Ten Thousand other articles

NEW GOODS DAILY

Just try a Cash store.

E. HALL

WE ISSUE INTEREST BEARING CERTIFICATES OF DEPT SOLICIT OUT OF TOWN AS WELL AS CITY ACCOUNTS, AND TRANSACT ALL KINDS OF SAFE BANKING BONDS AND OTHER SECURITIES.

S-A-KEAN & CO'S BANK

100 WASHINGTON ST CHICAGO.

N-Y-OFFICE-2-WALL-ST.

DUTCHER'S FLY KILLER!

CERTAIN DEATH.

No hunting with powder and gun as for squirrels, only to stupefy them. No lingering death on the sticking plaster. Flies seek it, drink, and are

KILLED OUTRIGHT

humanely so quickly they cannot get away. Use it freely. Prevent reproduction, secure serene peace and quiet. Always ask for DUTCHERS'. FOR SALE EVERYWHERE.

ju25dawlm

THE GAZETTE.

THURSDAY JULY 27.

CURRENT EVENTS.

Interesting Bits of Information Gathered from Various Sources.

Harvesting is in progress in the country about Eau Claire, Wis.

A young man in New York is under arrest for beating his mother to death.

Horse-thieves have been at work in the vicinity of Logansport, Ind., and Lima, O.

Frank Ardary, a Pittsburgh contractor, failed. Liabilities, $85,000; assets, $20,000.

The spring-wheat crop in Dakota, Minnesota and Iowa is reported in excellent condition.

Four saloon keepers of Trenton, N. J., have been sent to jail for six months each for selling liquor on Sunday.

Dr. Robert Morris, the lecturer and writer upon freemasonry, is lying at the point of death at La Grange, Ky.

Nellie Scharp, of Newburg, N. Y., aged 13, was drowned in Quassick creek by wading out beyond her depth to recover her brother's hat.

Ex-Secretary-of-the-Interior Columbus Delano, now 80 years old, drove a burglar out of his house at Mount Vernon, O., at the point of a revolver.

The International Bible convention is in session at Asbury Park, N. J. Faith healing, the doctrine of the Trinity and other subjects were discussed.

The summer theater at Schneider's Garden, St. Louis, was destroyed by fire after an opera performance, including the wardrobes of the entire company.

A dividend of 30 per cent. for depositors of the Commercial National Bank of Dubuque, which failed May 20, has been declared by the Comptroller of the Currency.

The factory of Bowlin & Haskett at Tipton, Ind., was burned. Loss, $30,000. The fire was caused by a natural gas explosion, which dangerously injured J. Baughman, the fireman.

A gang of nineteen tramps who had been terrorizing farmers and robbing freight cars in Northeastern Ohio were captured by a company of militia in a wood near Ashtabula after a sharp battle.

HIRAM SIBLEY'S WILL PROBATED.

An Estate Worth $10,000,000 Divided Among Relatives — Cornell Remembered.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., July 26.—The will of the late Hiram Sibley was probated here. The value of the estate is not specified, but on good authority it is stated to be $10,000,000 in real estate, railroad bonds and bank stock. The will leaves testator's residence valued at $200,000 to Mrs. Sibley, with an allowance of $24,000 a year. Two nieces, Mrs. Smith and Miss Atkinson, get $50,000 in cash when of age. Cornell University gets $30,000, and two nephews get the land on which they have been living. The residue of the estate is to be divided by the executors—Mrs. Sibley, a daughter named Mrs. Averill, Hiram W. Sibley, a son, and Hobart F. Atkinson, a son-in-law—among his legal heirs according to the law of descent as now in force in this State. This gives Hiram W. Sibley something over $6,000,000.

BASE-BALL.

Chicago Drops Still Further in the League Race, New York Taking Second Position —Wednesday's Games.

Chicago lost to Indianapolis its third consecutive game on Wednesday by a score of 6 to 4. New York won its third straight from Boston by a score of 5 to 1, thereby taking second place. Washington also defeated Philadelphia for the third time on the latter's grounds. Score: 3 to 1.

American Association: At Baltimore—St. Louis, 5; Baltimore, 2.

Western Association: At Omaha—Omaha, 5; Chicago, 4. At Kansas City—Kansas City, 11; St. Paul, 5.

Given a Double Dose.

KALAMAZOO, Mich., July 26.—Recently Richard Devereaux and William Smith, claiming to be from Chicago, were sentenced to five years each in State's prison for blowing open the safe of the Kalamazoo Spring and Axle Works. That night they made an unsuccessful attempt to break jail, and the next day their sentences were doubled.

Fasted Forty-Two Days and Died.

NEWARK, N. J., July 26.—Sarah Kelly, who had not tasted food in forty-two days, has just died. She was 53 years old, and when taken sick weighed 152 pounds, but at the time of her death weighed eighty pounds.

Men with Deft Fingers.

CINCINNATI, July 26.—In a type-writer contest Frank E. McGurrin, of New York, scored 8,709 words in an hour and a half to 6,938 words by Louis Traub, of this city.

Earthquake in Arizona.

TUSCON, A. T., July 26.—A severe earthquake shock was felt here. Many adobe walls were cracked. The shock was also felt at Tombstone and Prescott.

THE MARKETS.

Grain and Provisions.

CHICAGO, July 26.

FLOUR—Market steady. Winter, $4.25@4.75; Spring, $4.00@4.60; Patents, $4.50@5.00; Rye Flour, $3.10@3.50.

WHEAT—Market active and higher. No. 2 cash, 80@81¼c; No. 2 August 78¾@80¼c; September, 78¾@80¼c; December, 81¾@82¾c.

CORN—Market active and higher. No. 2, 46½@46¾c; No. 2 Yellow, 46½@46¾c; No. 3, 44@45¼c; No. 3 Yellow, 45¼@46c; August, 46½@46¾c; September, 45½@46¼c; October, 44¾@45¾c.

OATS—Market weak. No. 2 cash, 29½c; August delivery, 24½@25¼c; September, 21½@24½c and Year, 24¾c; sample lots quotable as follows: No. 3, 28@31c; No. 3 White, 33½@34c; No. 2, 31@33c, and No. 2 White, 35@36c.

RYE—Market very dull. No. 2 cash, 45½c; September delivery, about 47c; samples of No. 2, 47@48c, and No. 3, 40c.

BARLEY—Market steady and quiet. No. 2 for September, 63c; sample lots, about 42@50c for No. 3, and 35@42c for No. 4.

MESS PORK—Market steady. Quotations ranged at $13.75@13.80 for cash; $13.75@13.80 for August; $13.82½@13.90 for September, and $13.72½@13.85 for October.

LARD—Market active and prices higher. Quotations ranged at $8.62½@8.65 for cash; $8.62½@8.70 for August; $8.72½@8.77½ for September, and $8.65@8.70 for October.

NEW YORK, July 26.

WHEAT—¾@1½c higher; strong and moderately active; firmness due to freer export buying. No. 2 Red August, 88¾@89¼c; September, 88¾@89¾c; October, 89¾@89¾c; November 90¾@90¾c; December, 91¾@92¼c; May, 95¾c.

CORN—¾@1¼c higher and moderately active. Mixed Western spot, 50@57½c; futures, 49@54½c.

OATS—¾@1½c higher. Western, 36@40c.

PROVISIONS—Beef dull; New Extra Mess, $7.00@7.50. Pork steady; New Mess, $14.75@15.00; Old do., $14.00@14.25. Lard firm; steam-rendered, $8.80@8.83.

Live Stock.

CHICAGO, July 26.

CATTLE—Market fairly active. Quotations ranged at $5.00@5.25 for good to choice and extra Shipping Steers; $4.00@4.90 for common to good do.; $3.25@3.75 for butchers' Steers; $2.50@3.05 for Stockers; $2.00@3.75 for Feeders; $2.00@3.75 for Texans; $2.25@3.75 for Cows, and $2.00@2.25 for inferior mixed stock and Bulls.

HOGS—Market active and prices higher. Sales ranged at $6.10@6.45 for light; $6.00@6.15 for rough packing; $6.15@6.40 for mixed, and $6.25@6.35 for heavy packing and shipping lots.

When they Leave Us.

The exodus of our bodily troubles is doubly welcome if their departure is unaccompanied by pain. It is the fault of the best of commendable cathartics, which act solely upon the bowels, that in operating they gripe and weaken these organs. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters produce a laxative effect, but neither causes pain nor weakens the abdominal region or the stomach. This is pre-eminently the alterative which a constipated, bilious or dyspeptic person should use, since a resort to it involves no bodily discomfort nor produces a violent reaction. The liver is aroused, the stomach benefited and the habit of body speedily and permanently improved by it. Fever and ague, rheumatism and kidney troubles are among the maladies for which recorded experience has proved to be efficious. It is a wholesome appetizer and a far more reliable tranquilizer of the nerves than stomach-disturbing narcotics and sedatives.

TO ACQUIRE KNOWLEDGE.

The Sort of Study Which Gives Men Superiority Over Others.

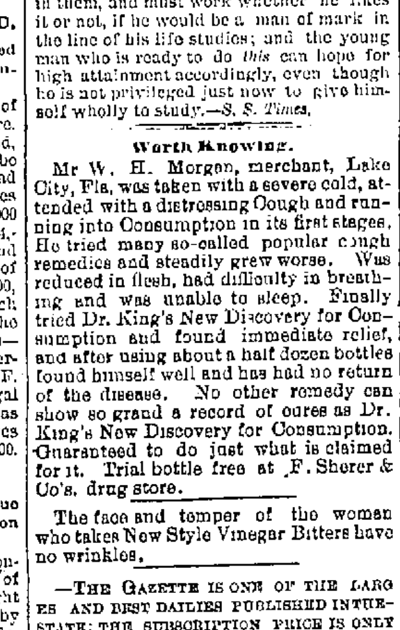
It is the study which a man does at his odd minutes rather than his study at regular hours of study, which is likely to give him his superiority as a scholar. And this sort of study almost any man can find time for, whatever is his ordinary occupation. Men nowadays talk of eight hours a day as a full day's work; but the man whose daily work is limited to eight hours has spare time enough for all needful rest and recreation, and for sufficient study to make him before long a man of marked attainments in almost any line of acquired knowledge. Even if his regular work covers ten or twelve hours a day, he still has time enough to make steady progress in various lines of special study. The men who have made their mark in the world as eminent scholars, or as students of exceptional proficiency in particular lines of research, or as experts in this or that direction of practical knowledge, have rarely been men who had nothing else to do but to fit themselves for the sphere in which they attained highest distinction. In most cases they gained their pre-eminence through a wise use of the spare time which they had, above the hours of their regular daily duties. And there are few young men to-day so closely occupied by what they call their regular work, that they might not find time to prepare themselves by special study at odd minutes for a place among the proficients in almost any department of human knowledge. It is true that they may not care to do this, and that they may not feel like working hard in another direction after having worked hard "all day" at that which gives them their daily bread, or to the doing of which they are bound in honor. But *that* is a matter of inclination, rather than a question of practicability. No man is likely to make high attainment in any sphere unless he is willing to do more every day than "a regular day's work," and unless he is ready to do extra work when he does not feel like doing any thing. This is as true in the case of one whose regular work is that of systematic study, as of one whose study is supplemental to work of a different sort. If, indeed, a man can have study as his principal occupation, he has a fine start in the pursuit of knowledge; but in any case he must work out of regular hours as well as in them, and must work whether he likes it or not, if he would be a man of mark in the line of his life studies; and the young man who is ready to do *this* can hope for high attainment accordingly, even though he is not privileged just now to give himself wholly to study.—*S. S. Times.*

Worth Knowing.

Mr W. H. Morgan, merchant, Lake City, Fla, was taken with a severe cold, attended with a distressing Cough and running into Consumption in its first stages. He tried many so-called popular cough remedies and steadily grew worse. Was reduced in flesh, had difficulty in breathing and was unable to sleep. Finally tried Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption and found immediate relief, and after using about a half dozen bottles found himself well and has had no return of the disease. No other remedy can show so grand a record of cures as Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. Guaranteed to do just what is claimed for it. Trial bottle free at F. Sherer & Co's. drug store.

The face and temper of the woman who takes New Style Vinegar Bitters have no wrinkles.

—THE GAZETTE IS ONE OF THE LARGEST AND BEST DAILIES PUBLISHED IN THE STATE; THE SUBSCRIPTION PRICE IS ONLY 12 CENTS A WEEK DELIVERED TO ANY PART OF THE CITY.



W. L. DOUGLAS

$3 SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN.

The only fine calf $3 SEAMLESS Shoe in the world made WITHOUT TACKS OR NAILS. As stylish and durable as those costing $5 or $6, and having no tacks or nails to wear the stocking or hurt the feet, makes them comfortable and well-fitting as a hand sewed shoe. Buy the best. None genuine unless stamped on bottom "W. L. Douglas $3 Shoe, warranted."

W. L. Douglas $4 Shoe, the original and only hand sewed welt $4 shoe, which equals custom made shoes costing from $6 to $9.

W. L. Douglas $2.50 Shoe is unexcelled for heavy wear.

W. L. Douglas $2 Shoe is worn by all BOYS, and is the best school shoe in the world.

All the above goods are made in Congress, Button and Lace, and if not sold by your dealer, write W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

JAMES MADDEN, AGENT
JANESVILLE, WIS

CAMPAIGN GOODS

Our new CATALOGUE OF CAMPAIGN OUTFITS, with constitution, drill tactics and full information about organizing and drilling Marching Clubs. ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE FREE.

A. G. SPALDING & BROS., 108 Madison St., CHICAGO. | 241 Broadway, NEW YORK.

LOW TOURIST RATES.

For $47.50 a first-class round trip ticket, good for 90 days, with stop-over privileges, can be obtained from St. Paul to Great Falls, Montana, the coming manufacturing centre of the northwest. Only $50.00 to Helena Similar reductions from points east and south. Rates correspondingly as low will be named to points in Minnesota and Dakota, or upon Puget Sound and the Pacific Coast. For further particulars address C. H. WARREN, Gen'l Pass. Agent; St. Paul, Minn.

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Do your own Dyeing, at Home, with

PEERLESS DYES.

They will dye everything. They are sold everywhere. Price 10c a package—40 colors. They have no equal for strength, brightness, amount in packages, or for fastness of color, or non-fading qualities. They do not crock or smut. For sale by PRENTICE & EVENSON, Janesville, Wis. oct4d1y

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The 42d Year Opens September 4th.

Full and thorough CLASSICAL, SCIENTIFIC and BUSINESS Courses. Sixteen instructors. Address President E. D. EATON, or Principal A. W. BURR, Beloit, Wis.

JUDICIOUS AND PERSISTENT Advertising has always proved successful. Before placing any Newspaper Advertising consult

LORD & THOMAS,

ADVERTISING AGENTS,

45 to 49 Randolph Street, CHICAGO.

SPECIAL TAX NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that a warrant for the collection of a special assessment for paving advertising, engineering and curbing West Milwaukee street from the west end of the bridge to the east line of High street in the city of Janesville, is now in my hands for collection, and that I will receive the same at my office until the 16th day of August, 1888, after which I shall proceed to collect the same as the law directs.

M. MURPHY, City Treasurer.

Dated July 3, 1888.

SPECIAL ASSESSMENT.

Special assessment for paving and curbing West Milwaukee street, from the West end of the bridge to east line of Bright street, in City of Janesville, Wis.

NAME OF OWNER.	DESCRIPTION.	Lot.	Feet Front.	Taxes for Paving.	Taxes for Curbing.	Taxes for Adv., Engineer'g, etc.	Total Tax.
	Smith, Bailey & Stone's Addition to Janesville.						
A. P. Lovejoy		101	131½	$349 02		$35 64	$381 66
Julia S. Lovejoy	30 feet in width of westerly end of	102	30	77 85		7 95	85 80
J. W. and B. D. Grubb	part of lots being 52 feet front on West Milwaukee street of equal width by 100 ft. deep on Jackson street.	100 & 102	52	134 94		13 78	148 72
Nicholas Fredericks	part of lots being 53¼ feet front on West Milwaukee st. of equal width by 100 feet deep westerly of and adjoining Grubb's land.	100 & 102	53¼	136 23		13 91	150 14
Josiah Wright	westerly 1-3 of	103	22 41	58 15		5 91	64 06
James & Edward Connors	part of bounded n by lot 101, e by P. Carroll's lot sly by W. Milwaukee st., wly by Josiah Wright's land.	103	22	57 09		5 83	62 92
Phillip Carroll	part of bounded nly by lot 101 e by Isaac and Joseph Connors' lot sly by West Milwaukee street wly by James and Edward Connors' land.	103	22	57 09	7 21	5 83	70 13
Isaac and Joseph Connors	part of bounded n by lot 101 ely by Isaac Connors' lot sly by West Milwaukee street and wly by P. Carroll's lot.	103	22 41	58 15	12 33	5 94	76 42
Isaac Connors	part of bounded n by lot 101 e by Jas. Ryan's lot sly by West Milwaukee street wly by Isaac and Joseph Connors' lot.	103	22 41	58 15	11 77	5 91	75 83
James Ryan	part of lots being 28½ feet front on West Milwaukee st. of equal width by 117 feet deep, ely of and adjoining Isaac Connors' lot.	88 90 101 103	28 50	73 95		7 55	81 50
C. B. Withington	part of lots being 21.45 feet front on West Milwaukee st., of equal width, by 117 feet deep, ely of and adjoining J. Ryan's lot.	88 & 90	21 45	55 66		5 68	61 34
Jas. and Edw. Connors	part of lots being 21.27 feet front on West Milwaukee st., of equal width, by 117 feet deep, ely of and adjoining C. B. Withington's lot.	88 & 90	21 27	55 19	6 05	5 64	66 88
W. H. H. Macloon	part of lots being 21.26 feet front on Milwaukee st., of equal width, by 117 feet deep, wly of and adjoining Peter Myers' est. lot.	88 & 90	21 26	55 16		5 63	60 79
Peter Myers' estate	part of lots being 64.47 feet front on West Milwaukee st., of equal width, by 117 feet deep on Franklin street.	88 & 90	64 47	167 29	8 16	17 08	192 53
Thomas Mackin	22 feet in width from the easterly end of	104	22	57 09		5 83	62 92
Joseph Bleasdale	part of being 22 feet front on West Milwaukee st., of equal width by 60 feet deep, wly of and adjoining Thomas Mackin's lots.	104	22	57 09		5 83	62 92
Mary Mackin	Part of being 22 feet front on West Milwaukee st., of equal width, by 60 feet deep, wly of and adjoining J. Bleasdale's lot	104	22	57 09		5 83	62 92
Hiram Merrill	Part of lot being 22 feet front on West Milwaukee st. of equal width by 60 feet deep wly of and adjoining Mary Mackin's lot.	104	22	57 09		5 83	62 92
Andrew Palmer	All of lot except the easterly 33 feet, also 3 feet of lot 130	104-129	49 50	128 45		13 12	141 57
James Madden	The wly 17 feet of ely 20 feet of	130	17	41 11		4 50	45 61
Abigail Dutton	The wly 22½ ft. of ely 42½ ft of	130	22 50	58 38		5 96	64 34
Charles Dutton	The wly 22½ feet of ely 65 feet of	130	22 50	58 38		5 96	64 34
David Jeffris	The wly 69½ feet of	130	69 50	180 35	2 70	18 41	201 46
William Cannon	The wly 46 feet of	105	46	119 37		12 19	131 56
Michael Farrell	22 feet front on West Milwaukee street, of equal width, extending across lot 105 ely of and adjoining Cannon's lot.	105	22	57 09		5 83	62 92
Michael Finley	22 feet front on West Milwaukee street of equal width, extending across lot 105 ely and adjoining Farrell's lot	105	22	57 09		5 83	62 92
W. Q. Barnes	Being 22 feet front on West Milwaukee street, of equal width extending across lot 105 ely of and adjoining Finley's lot.	105	22	57 09	8 94	5 83	71 86
M. H. Curtis	Ely 22 feet of	105	22	57 09	12 10	5 83	75 02
E. E. Bennett	Wly 33 feet of	86	33	85 02	18 15	8 74	112 52
E. C. Smith	20½ feet front on West Milwaukee street, of equal width extending across lot 86, ely of and adjoining Bennett's lot	86	20 50	53 19		5 43	58 62
Marion J. Mitchell	Being 20 feet front on West Milwaukee street, of equal width extending across lot 86 ely of and adjoining Smith's lot.	86	20	51 90		5 30	57 20
Charles E. Mitchell	Being 20 feet front on West Milwaukee street, of equal width extending across lot 86, ely of and adjoining Marion J. Mitchell's lot.	86	20	51 90		5 30	57 20
William H. Mitchell	Being 20 feet on West Milwaukee street, of equal width, extending across lot 86 ely of and adjoining C. E. Mitchell's lot.	86	20	51 90		5 30	57 20
Cyrena L. Mitchell	The easterly 20½ feet of	86	20 50	53 19		5 43	58 62
W. H. Tallman	The easterly 44 feet of	1	44	114 18		11 63	125 81
Randall Williams	Part of being the wly 44.28 feet of the ely 88.28 feet of said lot.	1	44 28	114 90		11 73	126 63
George Scarcliff	Part of being 22 feet on West Milwaukee street, of equal width, and extending sly across said lot, wly of and adjoining Williams' lot.	1	22	57 09		5 83	62 92
Mrs. G. W. Hawes	Part of lot being 22.21 feet front on West Milwaukee street of equal width, and extending sly across said lot, wly of and adjoining Scarcliff's lot.	1	22 22	57 56		5 99	63 55
Mrs. G. W. Hawes and H. Richardson	A strip of land in off the west end of lot 1.	1	1 17	3 03		31	3 34
Hamilton Richardson	The easterly 22.44 feet of	83	22 42	58 17		5 94	64 11
Carrie A. Richardson	Part of being 22 feet front on West Milwaukee street, of equal width, extending sly across said lot, wly of and adjoining H. Richardson's lot.	83	22	57 09		5 83	62 92
John Dunn estate	Part of being 22 feet front on West Milwaukee street, of equal width, extending sly across said lot wly of and adjoining C. A. Richardson's lot.	83	22	57 09		5 83	62 92
D. and E. H. Davies	Part of being 22 feet front on West Milwaukee street, of equal width, extending sly across said lot wly of and adjoining J. Dunn's est. lot.	83	22 50	57 09		5 83	62 92
H. Richardson	Part of being 22.58 feet front on West Milwaukee street, of equal width, extending sly across said lot wly of and adjoining D. and E. H. Davies' lot.	83	22 58	58 59		5 98	64 57
William Macloon	The westerly 22.67 feet of	83	22 67	58 82		6 00	64 82
A. P. Bennett estate	Part of beginning at intersection of sly line of West Milwaukee street with ely line of River street thence sly on ely line of River street 183.98 feet, thence ely at right angles to River street 20 feet, thence nly 137.61 feet to sly line of West Milwaukee street thence wly on said sly line 20.15 feet to beginning.	174	20 15	52 28	15 88	5 33	73 49
Rhoda J. Bennett	Part of beginning in sly line of West Milwaukee street, at 20.15 feet ely from River street, thence sly along ely line of A. P. Bennett's est. lot 137.61 feet, thence ely at right angles to River st, 22 feet, thence nly 135.16 feet to sly line of West Milwaukee street, thence wly on said sly line 22.14 feet to beginning.	174	22 24	57 45	12 19	5 85	75 49
Alexander Richardson	Part of beginning sly line of West Milwaukee street, 42.29 feet ely of River street, thence sly along ely line of Rhoda Bennett's lot 135.16 feet ely at right angles to River street 8.73 feet, thence nly 135.68 feet to sly line of West Milwaukee street, thence wly on said sly line 20.60 feet to beginning ely of and adjoining R. J. Bennett's lot.	174	20 60	53 45	11 55	5 45	70 45
Pliny Norcross	Part of being 31.38 feet front on West Milwaukee street, by about 30 feet deep ely of and adjoining Alexander Richardson's lot.	174	31 38	81 37		8 31	89 68
F. C. Cook	Part of ely of and adjoining Norcross' lot, being 33.68 feet front on West Milwaukee street, 40.10 feet on wly line 33.64 feet on sly line 40.35 feet on ely line.	174	33 68	87 39		8 92	96 31
Wm. M. Tallman est.	Part of being 22 feet front on West Milwaukee street by 45 feet deep ely of and adjoining F. C. Cook's lot; also, another lot ely of and adjoining last described, having a front on West Milwaukee street of 23 feet and a depth of 100 feet.	174	45	116 77		11 92	128 69
John Griffith	Part of being 23 feet front on West Milwaukee street and bridge, and 100 feet deep ely of and adjoining W. M. Tallman's estate lot.	174	17	44 11		4 50	48 61
	Church, Williams and Other Subdivision.						
First National Bank		1	21 10	54 75	3 16	5 59	63 50
George Scarcliff		2	21 15	54 84	11 62	5 60	72 06
W. H. Ashcraft		3 & 4	41 25	107 07	22 69	10 93	140 69
Randall Williams		5 & 6	42 365	109 94	23 30	11 22	144 46
H. E. Merrill		7	6 90	17 90	3 80	1 82	23 52
	Public Grounds.						
City of Janesville	Bounded by West Milwaukee street, Franklin street and Church, Williams' and other subdivisions.		155 67	352 06	3 85	35 95	391 86
	Farming Lands.						
F. S. Eldred	20 ft. front on West Milwaukee street of equal width, by 100 feet deep on River street.		20	51 90	3 72	5 30	60 92
John Watson	39 ft. front on West Milwaukee st., of equal width, by 100 feet deep, ely of and adjoining Eldred's land.		39	101 20	6 60	10 33	118 13
Fenner Kimball	20½ ft. front on West Milwaukee street, of equal width, by 120 ft. deep, ely of and adjoining Watson's land		20 15	53 19		5 43	58 62
Britton and Kimball	20½ feet front on West Milwaukee st., of equal width, by 120 ft. deep, ely of and adjoining Kimball's land.		20 50	53 19		5 43	58 62
O. B. Ford and Mary N. Crossett	81½ feet front on W. Mil. st., of equal width, by 150 ft. deep, ely of and adjoining Britton and Kimball's land.		81 50	237 44		24 24	261 68
W. S. and M. G. Jeffris	Lot known as Bunster's liquor store lot, being of a uniform width of 21 feet and having a depth of 132 feet, fronting on West Milwaukee street and bridge ely of and adjoining O. C. Ford and Mary N. Crossett's land.		4 50	11 67		1 19	12 86
			1095,880	$5179 08	200 76	528 77	35008 61

NEW CHICAGO ADVERTISEMENTS

NEWSPAPER ADVERTISING

Louis Lloyd & Co

115 Dearborn-st. Chicago —the oldest established Advertising AGENCY

FOR ALL NEWSPAPERS, in the West. We have appointed them OUR SPECIAL AGENTS FOR CHICAGO and vicinity, and as such, all advertisments for This Paper should come through them.



This Belt or Regenerator is made expressly for the cure of derangements of the generative organs. A continuous stream of Electricity permeating through the parts must restore them to healthy action. Do not confound this with Electric Belts advt'd to cure all ills, it is for the ONE specific purpose. For full information address Cheever Electric Belt Co., 103 Washington-st, Chicago Ill.



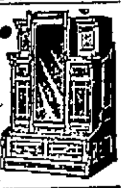
RUPTURE

Positively cured in 60 days by Dr. Horne's Electro-Magnetic Belt-Truss, combined. Guaranteed the only one in the world generating a continuous *Electric & Magnetic current*. Scientific, Powerful, Durable, Comfortable and Effective. Avoid frauds. Over 9,000 cured. Send stamp for pamphlet. ALSO ELECTRIC BELTS FOR DISEASES. DR. HORNE, INVENTOR, 191 WABASH AVE., CHICAGO.

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ESTEY & CAMP.

233 State, & 49, 51, 53 Jackson-st. Chicago. The great Piano and Organ Emporium for the West. Estey Pianos, Estey Organs, &c., &c., &c. Peculiar Prices. Easy Terms. Send for Ill. Catalog



Andrews' Parlor Fold'g Bed.

OUR NEW UPRIGHT Takes the Lead for Comfort and Elegance. Mf'd. only by

A. H. Andrews & Co., (Bank & Office Fittings.) 195 Wabash Av. Chicago.

Catalog FREE.- Mention this Paper.

ASK YOUR DEALER FOR THE

DAISY HOSE SUPPORTER

NEVER TEARS THE STOCKING WARRANTED TO HOLD SECURELY.

LAWN TENNIS & CROQUET SETS out-door games of all descriptions.
BASE BALL & BOATING OUTFITS best grades at lowest prices.
FISHING RODS, TACKLE, ETC. all modern styles and improvements.
GUNS & Hunters' Accoutrements at less than manufacturers' prices.

JENNEY & GRAHAM GUN CO., Chicago. Send for Catalogue, and mention this paper.

WEAK, NERVOUS PEOPLE

And others suffering with rheumatism, neuralgia, kidney and exhausting chronic diseases, premature decline of young or old are positively cured by Dr. Horne's famous ELECTRO-MAGNETIC BELT. Thousands in every State in the Union have been cured. ELECTRICITY instantly felt. Patented and sold 10 years. Whole family can wear the same belt. ELECTRIC SUSPENSORIES free with male belts. Avoid worthless imitations. ELECTRIC TRUSSES FOR RUPTURE. 700 cured in '86. Send stamp for pamphlet. DR. W. J. HORNE, INVENTOR, 191 WABASH AV., CHICAGO.

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Or the Liquor Habit, Positively Cured by Administering Dr. Haines' Golden Specific.

It can be given in a cup of coffee or tea without the knowledge of the person taking it; is absolutely harmless, and will effect a speedy and permanent cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wreck. Thousands of drunkards have been made temperate men who have taken Golden Specific in their coffee without their knowledge and to-day believe they quit drinking of their own free will. IT NEVER FAILS. The system once impregnated with the Specific, it becomes an utter impossibility for the liquor appetite to exist. For sale by FRANK SHERER, Druggist, 43 W. Milwaukee St., Janesville, Wis.

WEAK MEN and WOMEN can quickly cure themselves of Wasting Vitality, Lost Manhood from youthful errors, &c., quietly at home. 48 page Book on all private diseases sent free, (sealed) Perfectly reliable. 30 years' experience. The D. H. Lowe Medical Co., Winsted, Conn.

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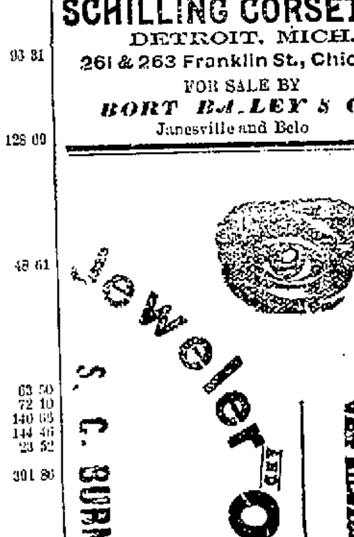


If you value HEALTH and desire a Corset that combines ease, comfort, durability and is at the same time perfect in shape and close fitting, ask your merchant for DR. SCHILLING'S HEALTH PRESERVING CORSET.

MONEY REFUNDED if not entirely satisfactory. For sale by dealers generally.

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261 & 263 Franklin St., Chicago.

FOR SALE BY
BORT BAILEY & CO.
Janesville and Beloit



HOSE!

HOSE REELS AND LAWN SPRINKLERS

The Largest Stock in the city at

Mills Bros,

RIVER STREET.

STATE OF WISCONSIN—COUNTY COURT FOR ROCK COUNTY—In Probate.

Notice is hereby given that at the next Sept. term of the county court to be held in and for said county at the court house, in the city of Janesville, in said county on the first Tuesday of September, A. D., 1888 being September 4th, 1888, at 9 o'clock a. m., the following matters, will be heard and considered.

The petition of James Mills for the appointment of an administrator of the estate of Jane Nisbet, late of the city of Janesville in said county, deceased.—Dated July 14th, 1888.

By the Court:
J. W. SALE, County Judge.
NOLAN & CUNNINGHAM, Attorneys for petitioner.
jly16d3w

NOTICE TO CREDITORS—STATE OF WISCONSIN, COUNTY COURT, For Rock County—In probate.

Notice is hereby given that at the next Feb. term of the county court to be held in and for said county at the court house, in the city of Janesville, in said county, on the first Tuesday of February, A. D. 1889, being February, 5th, A. D., 1889, at 9 o'clock a. m., the following matters will be heard, considered, and adjusted:

All claims against ANN RILEY, late of the city of Janesville, in said county deceased.

All such claims must be presented for allowance to said court, at the Court House, in the city of Janesville, in said county, on or before the 19th day of January A. D., 1889, or be barred.—Dated July 19th, 1888.

By the Court,
J. W. SALE, Judge.
july20d4w

CIRCUIT COURT, ROCK COUNTY—Flora M. Blackmer, plaintiff; vs. Clarence C. Blackmer, defendant.

The State of Wisconsin, to the said defendant: You are hereby summoned to appear within twenty days after service of this summons exclusive of the day of service, and defend the above entitled action in the court aforesaid and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint.

DUNWIDDIE & GOLDIN, Plaintiff's Attorneys.
P. O. address Janesville, Rock County, Wis.

The complaint in this action was filed in the office of the clerk of the circuit court for Rock county, on the 14th day of July, 1888.
july14d7w

STATE OF WISCONSIN—CIRCUIT COURT ROCK COUNTY.—James Kilmer, plaintiff, vs. Mary Gallaher, Patrick Gallaher, John Gallaher, James Gallaher, Thomas Gallaher, Felix Gallaher, Catharine Gallaher, Maria Gallaher, Henry Gallaher, and Mary Gallaher as administratrix de bonis non, with the will annexed of the estate of Felix Gallaher, deceased, defendants.

You are hereby summoned to appear within twenty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and defend the above entitled action in the court aforesaid; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, of which a copy is herewith served upon you.

JEFFRIS, JEFFRIS & SMITH, Plaintiff's attorney.
P. O. Address Janesville, Rock county, Wis.
july9 d7w

NOTICE TO CREDITORS—STATE OF WISCONSIN COUNTY COURT FOR ROCK COUNTY.—In probate.

Notice is hereby given that at the next February term of the County Court to be held in and for said County at the Court House, in the City of Janesville, in said county, on the first Tuesday of February, A. D., 1889, being February 5th, 1889, at 10 o'clock, a. m., the following matter will be heard, considered and adjusted:

All claims against SARAH A. ROLSTON, late of the city of Janesville, in said county, deceased.

All such claims must be presented for allowance to said court, at the court house, in the city of Janesville, in said county, on or before the 3d day of January, 1889, or be barred. Dated July 3d, 1888.

By the Court.
J. W. SALE, Judge.
jly6d4w

ARMSTRONG BRACE!

ELASTIC SUSPENDER WITHOUT RUBBER.

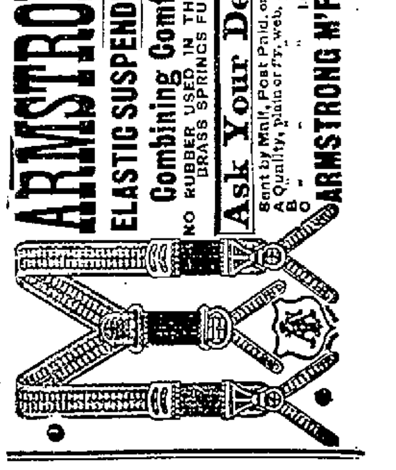
Combining Comfort and Durability.

NO RUBBER USED IN THESE GOODS. NICKEL PLATED BRASS SPRINGS FURNISH THE ELASTICITY.

Ask Your Dealer for Them!

Sent by Mail, Post Paid, on receipt of price, at the following List. A Quality, plain or fancy web $1.25; B Quality, plain or fancy web, 1.50; C Quality, plain silk web 75; D, fancy 1.00; 2.00

ARMSTRONG M'F'G CO., 216 Church-st., N. Y. City. 267 Franklin-st., Chicago.



WANTED

Men to travel on salary for the FONT HILL NURSERIES OF CANADA, $50 to $100 a month and expenses paid to sell our Canadian Grown Stock, previous experience not essential. Our stock sells well and gives better satisfaction than any other on the market. Address

STONE & WELLINGTON,
Madison, - - - Wisconsin.

GO WEST. 18,000,000 acres of the Montana Indian Reservation just opened for settlement near Great Falls, Ft. Benton, Assinniboine and Glasgow, consisting of rich mineral and coal district, grazing and farm lands of the very highest quality. The opportunities for making money here are greater than anywhere else in the United States. This is the time to go and secure your location. For rates, Maps, or other information, Address, C. H. WARREN, Gen. Pass. Agent, St. P., M. & M. Ry., St. Paul, Minn.

MEN ONLY. Cure for weakness, nervousness, lack of manly vigor, development, confidence, etc. BOOK FREE. Erie Med. Co., Buffalo, N.Y.

MOXIE Nerve Food. This is a liquid food to strengthen and build up the overtaxed nervous system. It will relieve old drinkers of the thirst for liquors, though it is neither a medicine nor a stimulant. It cures nervousness and mental exhaustion at once if not from inflammation. The Moxie Nerve Food plant was first discovered in South America by the late Lieut. Moxie, and first given to the public by Dr. Augustine Thompson, leading physician of Lowell, Mass.

THE GAZETTE.

THE OFFICIAL CITY PAPER.

AVERAGE CIRCULATION OF DAILY AND WEEKLY 8,450.

Subscription and Advertising Rates.

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WEEKLY—Per year, in advance.......... 1.5

WE PUBLISH FREE,
Marriage, death and obituary notices, without poetry; also notices of church and society meetings.

WE PUBLISH AT HALF RATES,
Church and society notices of entertainments given for revenue.

WE CHARGE FULL RATES,
For cards of thanks, obituary poems, financial statements of insurance companies and all other classes of items not considered news.

THE GAZETTE
Is the best advertising medium in Southern Wisconsin, and our rates are based on our circulation, and are cheap when so considered. Prices for local or display advertising cheerfully furnished on application.

GAZETTE PRINTING CO.

APRIL 18, 1888.

THURSDAY, JULY 26.

LOCAL MATTERS.

Choice figs just received at Denniston's.

50 cents a pound, absolutely pure English breakfast tea $1.00 quality at the Magnet.

$750 for a house, barn and lot, with good well, on South Jackson street. (If taken soon.) D. CONGER.

FOUND—Hosiery, handkerchiefs, laces, ribbons, perfumery, brushes, combs, towels, fans, vases, glassware, tinware and notions of all kinds, wonderfully cheap at the Magnet, 21 East Milwaukee St.

Late arrivals at the Magnet, campaign buttons, campaign handkerchiefs from 10 cents up to $1.00 each. Photographs of both republican and democratic candidates, 5 cents each.

Under the pressure of matured claims, which admit of no other remedy than a sacrifice of value, $5,000 will buy (for a few days only) the finest and most extensive fruit farm of 35 acres, in southern Wisconsin, located in this city. On this farm are buildings that cost $4,000, with fifteen acres of choice varieties of small fruit, all in thrifty condition, from which $800 worth of strawberries alone were sold this season. $3,000 of purchase money can remain on the property at six per cent. It must be sold at once. O. E. BOWLES.

House and two lots on South Main street, residence of the late S. Heimstreet, must be sold before October 1st. Terms easy. Enquire at Heimstreet's drug store.

$900 for a new house and two lots near first ward school—a bargain. D. CONGER.

15 bread tickets one dollar. Just think 30 five cent loaves at Denniston's.

House with lot and half on South East street, near high school—$1,800. D. CONGER.

Sage cheese at Denniston's.

W. C. C. Summer Corsets—perfect fitting, at J. M. Bostwick & Sons'.

Why pay $2.40 for the Jefferson $2 shoe? Call at Richardson, Whitton & Ray's. Cash does it.

There is no one in the city can show as fine a line of correct new styles in hats as "Ziegler", the Main and Milwaukee street clothier.

Ladies' Glazed Dongola Button Shoes for $1.00 a pair. Cash does it at Richardson, Whitton & Ray's.

Stylish hats that can be worn all the fall are offered at one-half former prices—in our millinery department: ARCHIE REID.

Kid gloves—We offer 50 dozen at 25 cents a pair, worth 75 cents—worth noticing. J. M. BOSTWICK & SONS.

Our 19 cent ladies' vest is a hummer. ARCHIE REID.

O. P. Bronson's is the place to buy your groceries cheap. Fruits and vegetables in their season.

The best and cheapest croquet sets and hammocks at King & Skelly's.

John Foley's celebrated gold pens at Sutherland's.

The highest market price paid for butter and eggs at O. P. Bronson's, No. 61 East Milwaukee street.

FOR SALE—Twelve rods of picket fence in good order, newly painted; three gates. Inquire at the Gazette office.

Go to O. P. Bronson's for your groceries, fruits and confectionery.

We are offering extraordinary bargains in all lines of summer goods to close. BORT, BAILEY & CO.

The best Roman violin strings at Sutherland's.

10 pieces of cream P K reduced to 12½ cents, former price 37½ cents. J. M. BOSTWICK & SONS.

Why pay $2.40 for Men's calf, boots when you can buy a better pair for $1.75 at Richardson, Whitton & Ray's?

I have Peckham's Genuine Jack-Knife shoes; and will sell them at cost, and give a jack-knife, too. J. B. MINOR.

A black haircloth set, 7 pieces, can be had at a bargain at the stove and furniture store of S. F. Sanborn, 18 and 20 North Main street.

Found—A small gold scarf pin with a silver 3-cent piece engraved with a letter "R"—at this office.

Our lawns and batiste that we have been selling at 12½ and 15 cents all reduced to 10 cents a yard. J. M. BOSTWICK & SONS.

The best Pacific lawns at 8 cents worth 12½ cents, all good styles. BORT, BAILEY & CO.

Special low prices on Jewett's refrigerators; water coolers; filters; ice cream freezers; hammocks; lemon squeezers; ice pitchers; paraffine tubes for lemonade; perfumed wooden tooth picks at Wheelock's.

We offer our entire line of fine Pacific Lawns and Batiste, including plain blacks, pinks, blues, etc., at 8c, per yard, they are worth 12½ and 15 cents. ARCHIE REID.

We are making low prices on all parasols and sun shades. BORT, BAILEY & CO.

TWILIGHT.

The night comes on, the darkness grows,
The light dies with the sinking sun,
The evening breeze more softly blows,
The bright stars flash out one by one.

The young birds in their sheltering nest
Stop their incessant cries at last.
The mother birds wing home to rest
Until the hours of night have passed.

The children, tired, seek their homes,
Their elders, worried, full of care,
Are glad to rest when evening comes,
And breathe in peace, the fragrant air.

Now is the twilight hour of peace,
Now life seems filled with keen delight,
Now is the time when troubles cease,
And now the darned mosquitoes bite!
—*Somerville Journal.*

BRIEFLETS.

—The watch thief has not been heard from.

—Janesville is well represented at the Lake Monona Assembly.

—The Odd Fellows are at Pope's Springs enjoying themselves with their families to-day.

—Mrs. A. C. Jenkins, who has been visiting friends in Beloit for a few days, has returned home.

—Mrs. B. B. Eldredge entertained a company of ladies at her home in the third ward last evening.

—Mr. Geo. A. Rawson, of the Water Co., has returned from Racine, where he has been for a few days.

—City Treasurer Murphy is rolling up his sleeves in preparation for the annual struggle with the tax list.

—Mr. and Mrs. Will H. Ashcraft started for Lake Geneva to-day. They expect to remain until next week.

—Color-Sergeant J. L. Bear, of the Light Infantry, returned home from Camp Randall last evening.

—Miss Kittie Hornick, of Oshkosh, is the guest of the family of Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Bates, Milton avenue.

—Mrs. M. M. Smith, of Stockton, Kansas, is visiting her sister-in law Mrs. St. John and family, of the second ward.

—Janesville Commandery No. 2 Knights Templar assemble in regular semi-monthly conclave this evening at Masonic hall.

—Dr. W. H. Palmer, O. W. Bemis, Al. Shaller, W. B. Conrad and Herb Allen have returned from their visit to the Cincinnati exposition.

—Albert Hatherell is preparing to astonish Janesville oarsmen with a record-breaking racing shell, fourteen inches wide and twenty feet long.

—The Gazette is under obligations to Mr. W. H. Hill, of the first ward, for some choice roses. Mr. Hill has a green house that is a credit to the city.

—Mrs. W. T. Vankirk assisted by Mrs. I. C. Sloan entertained a company of ladies at an afternoon reception to day. The affair was thoroughly enjoyable.

—All those having thistles or other noxious weeds about their premises or on street fronts, are notified by the weed commissioner to have them removed at once.

—Local dealers in agricultural implements say that trade is unusually brisk. In several cases agents for harvester manufacturers have been obliged to sell even their samples.

—Judge Bennett has announced that his decision in the Edgerton bible case will soon be forthcoming. It will include a very exhaustive review of the case in all its bearings.

—The social given by the Society of Christian Endeavor of the Baptist church last evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Street, was largely attended and proved a pleasant social success.

—My wife, M. Clough, having left my bed and board, I hereby notify all persons not to trust her on my account as I will pay no debts of her contraction after date. JAMES CLOUGH.
Fulton, July 26, 1888.

—Several ladies and gentlemen had the pleasure of witnessing the unfolding of a beautiful night-blooming cereus last evening at the home of Mr. Henry Fricke, North Main street. The flower was an extra large one, and filled the room with its delicate aroma.

—John McCulloch, foreman of the Gazette Printing Co.'s job rooms, has returned home from a pleasant re-union of the veterans of the Stone River and Chickamauga campaigners at Fox Lake, Illinois. Their old corps commander, Major General McCook, was present, as was also General McArthur.

—The alarm of fire turned in from box 51 at 7:10 last evening was a false alarm. The fire department turned out in double quick time, but their services were not required. The east side hose carriage made the run to Monterey, the first round of the alarm sounding box 52, located at the corner of Center and Western avenues.

—The Tailor's Union of this city will hold a picnic at Crystal Springs on Monday, August 6th, afternoon and evening. The Bower City Band will furnish music in the afternoon and Smith's orchestra will furnish music for the dance in the evening. The steamer Enterprise will convey passengers to and from the pleasure grounds. Fare for the round trip 25 cents. All are invited to attend.

—The advance sale of seats for the coming engagement of the Deshon Opera Co. will open at the box office to-morrow morning at nine o'clock. Summer prices will prevail during this engagement. They are as follows: Parquette and first three rows of parquette circle, 35 cents; balance of parquette circle, 25 cents; box seats, 50 cents; gallery, 15 cents.

—E. B. Heimstreet was in Chippewa Falls yesterday, appearing in behalf of the state board of pharmacy, against A. J. Wilcox, druggist, who had a non-registered clerk. Mr. Heimstreet had been in the store several times and, failing to find Wilcox, gave the clerk a prescription to fill in which some of the ingredients were poison. Wilcox was advised to pay a fine and keep quiet, but he employed a lawyer, and this afternoon the case was argued before a jury, who promptly returned a verdict of guilty. Wilcox was fined $50 and the costs.

Storage Warehouse.

Messrs. Kimball & Hall, furniture dealers, West Milwaukee street, have plenty of room in their large Wall street warehouse for the storage of household goods and merchandize, which they will lease on reasonable terms. Apply at the store, first west of postoffice.

Ladies in quest of stylish millinery that is the real article, should know the fact that Miss O'Neil at Archie Reid's is offering at one-half price the entire line of new novelties. No stock in Southern Wisconsin can compare.

CAUGHT IN CHICAGO.

The Janesville Elopers Arrested While Seeing the Sights.

It is understood that Mrs. John Kline, the pretty, young married woman, who left for Chicago, under such suspicious circumstances last week has been arrested.

Word of the arrest was received in this city last evening the news receiving further confirmation to-day. The understanding is that Mrs. Kline's paramour, Brafford, was arrested at the same time.

Janesville officers say that Mrs. Kline was married before Kline knew her. Kline is now rather of the opinion that if Emma will stay away from him he will stay away from Emma, and let the proceedings be dropped. All he wants is a divorce and the letter from Brafford to Mrs. Kline, revealing as it does a number of very spicy episodes in the young woman's life since her last marriage, is believed to be all the evidence needed.

Kline is now in Chicago, having taken the morning train yesterday. He found the truant pair looking very sheepish, and considerably surprised by their arrest which was made just time to prevent their departure for New York.

The Parker family seem to be having trouble on all sides. As said before Mrs. Kline is the sister of Eva Parker, complainant in the sensational Brushingham case. Lulu, another sister was before Justice Lyon in Chicago yesterday to explain why the preceding evening she raised a disturbance in a notorious saloon at the corner of Clark and Madison streets. The justice, who is an observant man, in fining her $5 said: "I never knew who you were, but I have seen you with more men around that corner than any woman who ever came before me."

A PROMISE OF PLEASURE.

Engagement of the Deshon Opera Company at Myers' New Opera House Next Week.

On next Monday evening the popular "Deshon Opera Company" will open a week's engagement at Myers' New Opera House. The first opera to be sung will be the famous New York Casino Theatre success, entitled "Erminie." This opera has been sung in every large city in the United States to enormous business, and is still being presented at the Casino in New York to large and delighted audiences. New and handsome costumes will be used for the first time here in that opera, they are very costly, and were made by famous costumers of New York and Paris.

Mr. Frank Deshon is considered one of the best baritone singers in this country. Miss Lucille Meredith, who for years has been one of the leading ladies in the McCaully Opera Company, of New York, is now the prima donna of this company. She will take the part of Erminie in the production on Monday night.

The chorus is large and well drilled exceptionally so for an opera company. The orchestra of nine pieces will be under the direction of the famous leader, "Sig. Dagnate" who was leader with the well-known "Carleton Opera Co." His engagement is a sure guarantee that the orchestra will be first class in every respect. Taking it all in all this will be a notable opera engagement. There has never been before in the theatrical history of Janesville as large and as fine an opera company playing a full week's engagement as the "Deshon Opera Co."

WHERE DO THEY LIVE?

An Oft-Repeated Question that Shows the Need of a Directory.

There are many delusions and snares in this world but a worse one than the directory now in use in Janesville would be hard to find. It has soured more dispositions, caused more profanity, and led to more wear on shoe leather than even the street railway.

When the directory was first published it answered the purpose reasonably well. It was found to have been made up mainly from the '81 edition, many names being omitted for lack of a thorough canvass but all this was borne patiently. Now however, since free delivery has been introduced and the streets numbered in regular order constant annoyance results. No closer location of residences is given than, "Center avenue, fourteenth south of R. R." or "Washington, eleventh north of Mineral Point road." Consequently drop letters reach the post office fearfully and wonderfully addressed. One disgusted business man studied his directory for a while without much satisfaction; and then mailed the letter that he had in hand, addressed to:

> JOHN BLANK,
> Terrace Street.
> (White frame house a little ways to the right of where the red hay press used to stand and about ten houses south of the last switch on the street car line over on Washington street.)
> City.

It is safe to say that if some enterprising publisher would take the matter of a directory in hand he would receive liberal encouragement. It has now been almost three years since the last directory was published. In that time, fully twenty-five hundred people have been added to the city. This fact alone, to say nothing of the complete re-numbering of the city, makes a new directory greatly needed and steps should be taken to have the demand supplied.

THE COLORS COMING.

Republican Club Portraits and Flags Now on the Road

One hundred and fifty dollars worth of flags and portraits for the republican club are now on their way from the east. The flags are to be put out over Milwaukee and Main streets. As soon as they arrive one of them will be put out across the Milwaukee and Main street crossing between the stores of Hall & Co. and T. J. Zeigler. It will be swung on the cable which now supports the Gazette flag.

The portraits which have been ordered are for the adornment of the banners and are understood to be very handsomely executed.

A ragged tramp is stylish when you put him in one of T. J. Ziegler's elegant new spring suits. Not because the R. T. is a fit subject for a fashion plate, but because our tailor fitting suits are models of stylish dress. We have many goods and make the prices low.

AMONG JANESVILLE'S FEEDERS.

"Good Times Coming" Is the Chorus Now Heard Among Rock County Farmers.

Corn, Oats, Tobacco, Wheat, Rye and Potatoes All Show An Increased Acreage.

"Did you know that Rock county farmers were cultivating three thousand acres more land this year than they did in '87? asked County Clerk Williams of a Gazette reporter this morning. "Its a fact and here are the figures to prove it."

As he spoke he drew from a pigeon-hole a sheet bearing the county assessors' reports for the year.

"Last year," he said, "Rock county had corn amounting to 72,632½ acres. This year the corn land foots up 78,960½. Then, oats, which last year covered 46 417 acres this year have an acreage of 52,400¾. The rye acreage has been more than doubled. Last year it was 5,791, this year it is 14,200. Wheat shows an increase over the 8,520 acres of '87 of nearly fifteen hundred acres."

"How about tobacco?"

"The shrinkage that so many prophesied, would be hard to find. Last year the cigar leaf acreage in Rock county was 5250½ and this year it is 5278¾. Barley and grass are the only crops that show a decrease. Barley has been cut down ten thousand acres and grass the same. Farmers who were pinched by the failure of the hay crop last year put a larger proportion of their land this year into tilled crops."

A glance at the table of reports reveals many facts of interest. The reports were made out after crops were nearly all in the ground and show the acreage for the year in all the principal farm products. On corn, oats, rye and barley the showing is:

NAMES OF TOWNS.	Corn.	Oats.	Barley.	Rye.
Avon	2880	1599	54	556
Beloit	1300	3210	197	2427
Bradford	4209	1100	4809	576
Center	4492	3895	411	503
Clinton	3597	1890	1834	512
Fulton	3746	2772	311	402
Harmony	4446	2268	3118	258
Janesville	3191	2640	810	506
Johnstown	3331	1992	4020	182
La Prairie	4606	1625	4865	856½
Lima	3117	2147	991	897
Magnolia	4272	3567	185	880
Milton	3707	2290	680	292
Newark	2765	2826	58	1541
Plymouth	3088	2904	139	428
Porter	5008	4429	729	338
Rock	4587	2089	460	521
Spring Valley	3120	2177	47	452
Turtle	3150	2377	1838	3098
Union	5065	3770	505	595
Village of Clinton	2½	....	....	12
Vil. of Evansville	13	63	....	....
City of Edgerton	141½	107¾	....	313
City of Beloit	399¼	103	55	22
City of Janesville	652	281	....	....
Total	78960½	52400¾	27260	14200¼

For tobacco the showing in acres for 1888 is: Avon, 53; Beloit, 69½; Bradford, 33; Center, 529; Clinton, 411½; Fulton, 793; Harmony, 407; Janesville, 493; Johnstown, 93; La Prairie, 267; Lima, 1; Magnolia, 246; Milton, 174; Newark, 135; Plymouth, 175; Porter, 823; Rock, 262; Spring Valley, 131; Turtle, 50; Union, 150; Evansville, 20; Edgerton, 193½; Beloit, 11¼; Janesville City, 198; total, 5,278¾.

The amount of land in the county devoted to crops not scheduled in the foregoing table is as follows: Wheat, 9911; potatoes, 3255; root crops, 100¾; apple orchards, 1877¼; grasses, 61425.

Inasmuch as reports from the county indicate that crops are looking unusually well, the prospects for a large harvest are certainly excellent.

Last year's harvest was not a large one. The assessors' reports show that 1,254,782 bushels of corn were grown in place of 1,066,925 the year before; but in oats rye and tobacco the '86 standard was not reached. The figures on corn, oats, barley and rye were:

NAMES OF TOWNS.	Corn.	Oats.	Barley.	Rye.
Avon	25050	30845	410	2980
Beloit	47135	39105	2310	15704
Bradford	48090	12920	43310	1650
Center	74455	61080	10822	2229
Clinton	47505	22250	28309	2657
Fulton	159155	55548	8448	2451
Harmony	77820	80526	59102	751
Janesville	72550	36680	15009	3333
Johnstown	65770	25575	67216	845
LaPrairie	44429	15974	37698	4131
Lima	48355	34656	10074	1778
Magnolia	75000	66911	6211	970
Milton	82620	38500	14315	1205
Newark	54480	44218	1503	13189
Plymouth	48500	41500	4250	1840
Porter	93605	79624	28378	1691
Rock	62075	35155	8111	5395
Spring Valley	37042	38137	14 8	1503
Turtle	15480	34408	7557	8167
Union	106150	82780	21203	1230
Village of Clinton	.....	.....	253	....
Vil. of Evansville	1550	1095	200	....
City of Edgerton	2110	2310	25	....
City of Beloit	1795	1175	.....	1190
City of Janesville	14058	6850	5700	....
Total	1254782	816772	372267	71722

On tobacco the showing in pounds made by the various towns was.

Avon, 37342; Beloit, 458000; Bradford 15500; Center, 451000; Clinton, 23269; Fulton, 957245; Harmony, 436010; Janesville, 288250; Johnstown, 80925; La-Prairie, 113739; Magnolia, 176510; Milton 133030; Newark, 191,280; Plymouth, 120,-500; Porter, 573055; Rock, 137015; Spring Valley, 117930; Turtle, 13450; Union, 95490; Evansville, 22780; Edgerton, 121600; Beloit, 12500; Janesville City, 218500; total, 4,401,720.

The amount raised of some of the other crops is as follows: Wheat, 92520; potatoes, 154777½; root crops, 39462; apples, 14425; clover-seed, 859; timothy seed, 635.

ROUGH ON THE REPORTER.

Racine Times—Our reporter called on S. H. Wheaton at St. Luke's hospital to-day and found the young man convalescent. Mr. Wheaton will be remembered as having attempted to take his own life the other day because his wife eloped with some Janesville gentleman. Mr. Wheaton stated to the reporter that he was a big fool and that if he lived to be ninety-nine years of age he would never try it again.

THE WEATHER.

At seven o'clock this morning the thermometer indicated 70 degrees above zero. Clear with south wind. At one o'clock p. m. the register was 81 degrees above zero. Partly cloudy with, south wind. For the corresponding hours one year ago the register was 59 and 90 degrees above zero.

CAMPING GROUND.

Parties desiring to camp out, can hire tents and grounds at Dayton's woods and Robinson's springs, of L. S. Hillabrandt, No. 7, North Jackson street. Plenty of good water and shade and good fishing.

Lost.

A pair of ladies gold eye glasses with chain and pin attached. A suitable reward will be paid to finder by leaving them at this office.

WATCHING THE GAME.

A Conversation Overheard at the New York Base-Ball Grounds.

They just filled two nice, shady seats in the grand stand, and, says *Time*, it was evidently the first ball game she had seen. With lover-like kindness he offered to explain the game to her as it progressed, though she insisted, with that pretty child-like manner which was so dear to him, that she feared it would be hard to make her understand on account of her dullness.

"Now, if there's any thing you don't understand just ask me, won't you, dear?" he said, as he bought two official score cards and looked over the array of talent.

"All right," she gurgled. "What has that boy got in that sort of a tin basket he is carrying around!"

"What boy? Oh, yes. He's got 'Lemernadetenerglasser.' Hi, boy!"

And the boy hied.

"Now, you see, dear, the game is about to commence. You see that man standing with the club in his hand, he's the striker, and that other man in the center throws the ball to the other man with the mittens on and the man with the stick tries to strike it as it goes by, and if he hits it he runs—"

"What did that man with every-day clothes on jump so for?"

"He's the umpire and he decides when a ball is fair and has to—"

"Why, the man didn't hit the ball at all. What did he strike at it for if he couldn't hit it?"

"Never mind, dear. See, he's out—"

"What made him out?"

"Because the umpire is a great big—"

"What are those men standing on those sachels for?"

"Oh, their other clothes are in them and they are afraid some of the other men will steal them."

"Oh, see, that poor man fell right down and got all mussed up. How did it happen?"

"Well, you see he tried to steal the other man's sachel, but the other man caught him at it."

"Did he want the other man's clothes?"

"No, that's the game of it."

"What does that man stand away off by the stove polish advertisement for?"

"He's the mark. The man with the club tries to strike the ball so that it will go and hit him."

"I should think it would be awful hot away out there."

"It is sometimes, when a liner comes along."

"What is a liner, George?"

"He's the man that draws those white lines on the ground. Look out for that foul ball, there, dear!"

(Shriek.)

"Did it hurt you much, dear?"

"I-I-I guess not. Is my bonnet crooked?"

"That stuffed bird on the side is sort of groggy, and there's a dent near the blue bow on top, otherwise every thing seems to be all right."

"Oh, there comes that boy with that tin basket again."

"Er—where? Oh, yes. Hi, boy."

"I don't think ball is a very scientific game, do you, dear, just hitting a ball and then trying to steal each other's sachels. Suppose we go now.

"Yes, I guess so."

And they wandered out just after the first inning and before Knock-kneed O'Finnigan had made his great left-hand catch and superb double play.

CANINE JIM-JAMS.

A Terrier Pays the Penalty Often Exacted of Human Drunkards.

Poor Nellie is dead! Nellie was a dog, a fine specimen of the Russian fox-terrier breed. She had one fault, says the New York *Herald*, and that was her love for lager beer. Nellie was considered an inveterate tippler, and while "crazy drunk" recently met a terrible death by being run over by a heavily laden truck.

There were probably few such smart dogs as Nellie. She was the property of Andrew Reardon, a bar-tender in a saloon at Williamsburg. He became the possessor of the animal a little less than three years ago and when she was a puppy of about three weeks old. As she grew up she became a handsome dog. She was a great favorite with the customers of the place, and they were in the habit of teaching Nellie all kinds of tricks.

Last summer Nellie, who had made the saloon her headquarters, became addicted to the use of lager. It was nothing unusual to see the animal going to the trough and sipping the drippings. The customers rather enjoyed this, and for hours sometimes watched the antics of the young dog. During the winter months she limited her consumption of the beverage, and appeared resolved to drink moderately.

As the warm weather came on, however, Nellie drank more than ever, and on account of her intemperate habits and foolish actions became a scandal to the neighborhood. Not until recently did Nellie show symptoms of having become a complete slave to drink, however. Her owner observed it also, and kept her securely chained in the rear of the store, furnishing her with a moderate allowance of lager.

A few weeks ago Nellie gave birth to pups, and she was released from her imprisonment. She was chased away from the beer troughs several times, but when not observed would tackle the lager again. She began to drink to excess, and would stagger when in that condition to her bunk and sleep off the effects of her debauch. It was no uncommon occurrence, after a nap of a few hours, for her to go straightway again to the trough and quench her thirst.

Since the birth of her puppies she had become more dissipated than ever before. The other day she began to sip the lager at an unusually early hour. She slept during the forenoon, and in the afternoon again imbibed to such an extent that she became tipsy, and staggered around the rear room. Nelly finally reached the street, where she wandered into the gutter. In trying to dodge a car she accidentally got under the wheels of the truck, and was killed outright. The mangled remains of the favorite animal were gathered together and buried in a vacant lot not far away.

Mr. Depew's Oratory.

Mr. Chauncey Depew, says the London *Figaro*, keeps a private secretary of the name of Du Val. Mr. Du Val keeps for Mr. Depew a scrap book or memorandum book of well-informed men. If Mr. Depew is asked to speak at a country fair, at the laying of a corner-stone, at a birthday dinner in honor of Tom, Dick or Harry, at a college celebration, at any significant point where a particular theme needs special outworking on lines with which he is not perfectly familiar, he tells Du Val to look the subject up. Du Val sends for the man who is well informed on the particular point to be illustrated, sucks him dry, puts in syllabus the entire subject before Depew, who studies it, crams with it, and then having thoroughly digested it, delivers it to his secretary, who takes it down in shorthand. This, being translated by the type-writer, is like an open book to the orator, who studies it carefully, literally commits it to memory, and very often has it set up in printed slips for distribution to the reporters.

He Also Invented Pie.

The man who invented sleep would have deserved a blessing had he made provisions for the exclusion of nightmares.

THE GAZETTE STEAM BINDERY

Facilities for Doing Special Work at Low Rates.

The Gazette Steam Bindery has now a special binding for the "Pictorial History of the World's Great Nations," and is prepared to do this work in a first class manner, cheaper than any New York or Chicago bindery. Subscribers to this work will do well by calling at the Gazette Bindery before placing their orders for binding. We have a fine line of samples on exhibition.

Save your old books and send them to the Gazette Steam Bindery for repairs or re-binding. Such work costs but little, and your books will be made to appear new. Prices for this class of work very reasonable at the Gazette Steam Bindery.

REPUBLICAN RALLY.

The Hon. James Sutherland and T. S. Nolan, of Janesville, will address the people of Fulton and vicinity on the political issues of the day at Stewart's hall, on Saturday evening, July 28th, at eight o'clock. Ladies, and everybody invited.

A COURTEOUS COMMUNICATION

The Democratic Proposition to Banish Parades and Torches from The Campaign.

The Reply of Hon. J. V. Quarles, of Racine, as Given In an Open Letter.

Some days since the president of the Racine Bandanna club published an open letter, addressed to Hon. J. V. Quarles, president of the Racine Republican club, advocating the abandonment of torches and parades in the coming campaign. The following is Mr. Quarles' reply:

RACINE, July 30 1888.

Andrew Simonson, Esq., Presd't Racine Democratic Club:

DEAR SIR:—Your courteous communication was duly received. Other matters have prevented an earlier reply. The eager agility with which you drop into print excited my curiosity. Your letter was in type before it reached my desk. I must confess that this circumstance raised a doubt as to the sincerity and singleness of your purpose. It would seem like an effort to gain some party advantage by a public demonstration in print, because certainly it was not necessary to take the public into our confidence if we sought only a compact between two local clubs.

If it were not esteemed unkind to recommend one to take his own medicine, I should venture to quote what you say in condemnation of public parades as applicable to your manœuvre in print. It matters little that you prefer to produce your effects with printer's ink instead of kerosene oil. New light dawns on us when we read in your letter that politics is regarded as "a game" a few of whose rules, you would like established by the sanction of consent. We understand that we are to be edified by other public proclamations emanating from your club and that the one I am now answering is to be denominated as Series I, No. I for convenience of reference. We must admit that we are at a great disadvantage in having no literary bureau connected with our club to which these productions might be referred.

I have no authority to determine and cannot predict what policy will be pursued by our club in the approaching campaign as to street parades, but I can confidently assure you that earnest and hearty co-operation will be given to secure "dignity and decorum," and we will see to it that nothing is done "to disturb the social or business relations of members of opposing organizations." The situation of the two parties is essentially different. "When we consider the patronage of this great office, the allurements of power, the temptation to retain a place once gained and more than all, the availability a party finds in an incumbent whom a horde of office holders, with a zeal born of benefits and fostered by the hope of favors yet to come, stands ready to aid with money and trained political service," we can readily understand how you can affect to despise the smoke and stench of the torch and discourage such vulgar enthusiasm as is generated by music and marching. There is something sublime about those lofty intellectual heights already visited by your daring imagination, where the lurid light of the flambeau cannot disturb calm contemplation, but the trouble is that our club is largely composed of old fashioned men who consider a campaign without music and torches as "flat as corned beef without mustard and champagne without bubbles." They are weak enough to have become enthusiastic, and I very much fear that you have nothing better to expect from us than a repetition of the campaign of 1840.

We will carefully preserve your epistle, and while it is forever too late to follow its valuable suggestions in this campaign, perhaps four years from now circumstances will have so changed that we can fraternize with you on the basis of your proposed reform.

Very respectfully, yours, etc.,
J. V. QUARLES.

Buggies and Carts.

S. L. James, corner of Court and South Main streets, has for sale the J. S. Clark buggy, and the greatest variety of road carts to be found in the city, and will sell them cheaper than any one will sell the same quality of work. Please call and examine the work.

A WONDERFUL FREAK.

A Colored Man in Arkansas Who Is a Veritable Human Pump.

At Helena, Ark., there is a wonderful colored man named Mack Hamilton, who has been making a show of himself on the streets of that town. Some of his feats consist of eating large quantities of porcelain and glass without any deleterious effects. His appetite is always in good order, and for a dime he will eat enough to convince the most skeptical that there is no trick about it.

He also drinks as much as a gallon of water at a time, and then with a motion of his right arm—such a motion as is given to the handle of a pump when pumping—the water comes out of his mouth in a stream as clear as when first swallowed, says a correspondent of the Pittsburgh *Dispatch*. He also is able to drink boiling water and eject it by means of a pump-like process, and when it is emitted it is hot enough to scald. He swallows live frogs and small snakes, and by a simple motion of the arm they are forced out of his mouth. He has drank a half gallon of whisky without feeling the slightest inconvenience. He has some splendid offers from different people to go in a show, but he prefers to be his own master. He has a dread that some doctor will kill him for the purpose of making an examination of him.

He Was an Exception.

A thin, delicate-looking woman sat in a horse-car one evening recently, and next her sat a native of the Queen's realm, relates the San Francisco *Argonaut*. The window behind the Briton was open, and the cool wind blew in on the woman, making her shiver. At last she said, in a lady-like way: "Won't you be kind enough to close the window behind you, as it makes me very cold." It would hardly have caused the man any inconvenience to grant this request, but he replied harshly: "I prefer it open; you Americans can't stand any thing; you all seem to have consumption." The other passengers in the car were astounded at his incivility, and there were many angry glances cast at the royal subject. Finally a gentleman rose from the opposite side of the car, and, approaching the Englishman, with about two hundred and twenty pounds avoirdupois, grasping the window, slammed it down with vigor, then remarked: "Now, my friend, if you think all Americans are afflicted with consumption, you just raise that window again. I am an American." The little woman blushed, the other passengers smiled, the American returned to his seat and the Briton looked out of the window and thought.

The face and temper of the woman who takes New Style Vinegar Bitters have no wrinkles.

—THE GAZETTE IS ONE OF THE LARGES AND BEST DAILIES PUBLISHED IN THE STATE; THE SUBSCRIPTION PRICE IS ONLY 12 CENTS A WEEK DELIVERED TO ANY PART OF THE CITY.

A CLERGYMAN'S WORK.

The Many Demands Made Upon the Time of Faithful Pastors.

The sunbeams streamed in from a bay window through the curtains and foliage plants, and flooded the room with a mellow light, says the New York *Graphic*. The birds sang in their gilded cages, while their less melodious, though freer friends without, added their pretty chirps to the chorus. A stray sunbeam rested caressingly on the head of a man seated at a desk, the green baize top of which peeped out from beneath a mass of papers and correspondence. Around him lay scattered books, papers, magazines and pamphlets of all descriptions.

The central figure was a prominent clergyman of New York. His pleasant face was seamed with the lines of thought, while his pen, scratching rapidly over the paper, was laying the frame-work of a brainy, vigorous sermon. Looking up and observing a visitor, whom he had been too busy to notice before, he courteously motioned him to a seat and proceeded to the completion of his task.

"You catch me in a busy time," he said, pleasantly, as the pen ceased moving and he threw himself back in the chair with an air of relief. "The general public seems to be under the impression that we ministers have nothing to do but to laugh and grow stout, preach a sermon or two and enjoy the good things of this world," said the clergyman. "This idea, strange to say, is shared by some members of our own congregations, who, if they took the interest in the church they should, would soon learn to know better.

"Not long ago I was accosted as I came out of my study one morning by an old parishioner of mine with the remark: 'Ah, how do you do? What do you expect to find to do that will enable you to kill the time between now and next Sunday?'

"This, I am sorry to say, expresses the idea formed by the masses of a clergyman's life. Idle? No, indeed, we are not. I have been in both the business and Christian world for over twenty-five years, and I never worked so hard in my life as I have since I became a minister.

"The world of laborers and mechanics are crying out for less hours, yet we work from fourteen to nineteen hours a day, Sundays included. To be sure, there is a certain advantage in our business—for such I must term it—in the fact of its not being monotonous. We generally try to spend our mornings in our studies, but we are subject to so many interruptions that I do my best thinking and almost all my writing after nine p. m., and have for nearly twenty years. We are public men, the servants of the people, and should be at their disposal at any hour of the day or night. I have always made myself easy of access, and hold myself in readiness to extend sympathy or do good where good can be done. We are subject to sudden calls for funerals, baptisms, weddings and sick calls, and are expected to lend an ear to the wail of sorrow from whomever it may come.

"As a minister you are justly expected to give consolation. To do this you must give the matter your undivided attention. Then comes the preparation of our sermons. This necessarily takes time, and a great deal of it. It takes thought and study to enable a clergyman to present to his congregation Sunday after Sunday and year after year thoughts that will reach their hearts, and preach sermons which will not pall upon them, and do more harm than good by turning them from the church with a feeling akin to disgust at the minister's poverty of expression or meagerness of thought.

"What time I can get from my sick calls and other drains upon my time I devote to study, but I have not an idle moment, and have no opportunity for social calls whatever. My method of making a sermon is this: In the first place I settle on a theme early in the week, read about it, investigate it and think about it until the inspiration seizes me to write, and then it is my habit to write it at one sitting. It is done by simply letting my thoughts accumulate. Every thing a man reads, sees and thinks about in his life and travels is held by the cumulative power which stores up ideas. These are occasions when a sermon comes like a flash and is seen from beginning to end by pure inspiration, and some of the best sermons I ever preached have come in that way, suggested by something I had seen or somebody had said."

"Are these studies all retrospective, dealing entirely with the traditions of the past?"

"They should not be, but I regret to say that in some cases they are, and this accounts for the failure some men make as ministers of the Gospel. They seem to forget that the world is progressing, that every year the people to whom they preach are becoming better informed on all subjects; that the minds of the young, like sponges, are absorbing all the knowledge they can, and that each generation is becoming better informed than the last. These points are vital to the success of a clergyman. He must not only keep abreast of the times, but if possible in advance of them, as a school-teacher must ahead of his class. Once let your congregation pass you in this education, so that they look down upon you from the height of this superior knowledge, and your usefulness is destroyed. The narrowness of your views is at once detected by their better trained intellects, and the truths you may tell them lose their value. A congregation look to their minister for guidance and for help, and it is folly for the blind to lead those who can see, or the weak to assist the strong.

"We can not preach a sermon that furnishes food for reflection without first reflecting, nor can we hope to elevate the thoughts of those to whom we preach when we ourselves stand on a lower intellectual plane. Infidelity is narrow, while faith is broad. Knowledge begets liberality. By liberality I do not mean liberality in its abused sense. I mean that the more extensive a man's knowledge of the world becomes the broader his comprehension of its spiritual needs.

"This is the life and these are the duties of a clergyman, and you can readily see that I am not amiss in my statement that the clergymen of this city can be classed among its busiest men."

It's Bound to Get Cooler.

According to the calculations of M. Adolphe D'Assier, based on the assumption that the coincidence of the earth's perihelion passage with the summer solstice every 21,000 years marks the regular recurrence of a northern glacial period, the last glacial period culminating in 9250 B. C., the alternating period of greatest northern warmth occurred A. D. 1250, and the ice period now approaching will reach its greatest height A. D. 11750. Evidences of the slow cooling during the past six hundred years is seen in the changes recorded in the northern limits of the growth and ripening of certain fruits.

Manganese in Steel.

An approximate idea of the amount of manganese contained in steel can be ascertained by means of the magnet. A magnet capable of lifting thirty pounds of ordinary steel or iron will only lift a few milligrammes if the metal contains twenty per cent. of manganese; so small a quantity as eight per cent. of manganese will nearly neutralize the magnetic attraction.

COMMERCIAL NEWS

JANESVILLE MARKETS

Reported for the Gazette by Bump & Gray Grain and Produce Dealers.

JANESVILLE, July 25, 1888.

Receipts of grain of all kinds continue light and the market rules firm. Wheat is salable at a range of 65@78c for common to choice quality. Rye is wanted at 50c@52c for old, Barley quotable at 35@45c. None coming forward. Corn and oats in demand at quotations:

FLOUR—Patent $1.25 per sack; Vienna $1.10
BUCKWHEAT FLOUR—90c per sack.
WHEAT—Winter 70@80c; spring 65@78c
RYE—In good request at 50@52c per 60 lbs.
BARLEY—ranges at 35@45c according to quality.
CORN—New shelled 60 lbs. 48@50c, car 75 lbs. 48@50c.
HAY—Timothy for ton $6@$8, other kinds 4@$5.
GROUND FEED—$1 10 @$1 15 per 100 lbs.
EGGS—Fresh at 12@13c per dozen
TIMOTHY SEED—$1.65@1.85 per 46 lbs
POULTRY—Turkeys 9@10c; chickens 7@8c
CLOVER SEED—$3.75@4.00 per bushel.
HIDES—Green 3c@4c. Dry 8@10c.
PELTS—Range at 10@40c each.
WOOL—Washed 22@25c, ⅓ off for unmerchantable.
OATS—New, white, 33@31c; for mixed new 33@33
BRAN—60c per 100.
MEAL—$1 10 per 100 lbs. Bolted $1 50
POTATOES—70@75 per bushel. New
BUTTER—Good supply 12@14c.
LIVE STOCK—Hogs $5 25 @5 50 per. 100 lbs Cattle $2 50@$3 50.

LOCAL MATTERS.

The finest assortment of Albums at Sutherland's.

Genuine School House shoes 80 and 90 cents, at Minor's.

The latest novelties in walking sticks at Ziegler's. Very cheap.

Our millinery department under the management of Miss O'Neil has been a success far beyond our expectations, and as the season is well advanced we making an effort to clean out every dollar's worth of goods in the stock. The assortment is far superior to any of former years and the prices being cut in half it behooves every lady to avail themselves of an opportunity that is seldom offered to buy desirable millinery at one-half price. ARCHIE REID.

Chambray robes—a second large invoice just opened—11 yards of goods, 9 yards of embroidery—all for $1 50. J. M. BOSTWICK & SONS.

Miss Annie Wallace is doing a big business in dressmaking, rooms next door to Vankirk Bros., West Milwaukee street.

Lost—Sunday, a black cane with a white head. Finder please leave at this office.

Just so—that our prices on parasols and umbrellas are lower than any line in the city. ARCHIE REID.

You can find the best 25 and 50 cent mitts in the city at Bort, Bailey & Co's.

The climax of perfection—The Airy Fairy Bustle—delightfully cool. Try one. ARCHIE REID.

SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT TO THE LADIES—They have come, a complete line of the celebrated Star Shirts Waists at Zeigler's. The only perfect fitting waist made. Your early inspection is solicited.

The best hammocks and croquet sets at Sutherland's.

Men's fine calf sewed boots for $2.00. Cash does it at Richardson, Whitton & Ray's.

—Ink, mucilage, pens pencils etc., at King & Skellys.

The best Scotch crinkled seersuckers at 9 cents, reduced from 15 cents. We show a large line. BORT, BAILEY & CO.

A new line of box paper, writing and calling cards at King & Skelly's.

Ask for the John E. Fitzgerald whisky recommended by all leading physicians. Sold only at M. A. Cox's place, 118 West Milwaukee street.

For Photograph albums and scrap books go to King & Skelly's book store.

Dry kindling for sale; cut in stove lengths. H. A. DOTY BOX CO., 117 North Main street.

Men's all soled shoes for $1.00 a pair at Richardson, Whitton & Ray's. Cash does it.

WANTED

WANTED—A MAN OF TEMPERATE AND steady habits, seeking employment, to represent an old established house in his own state. Salary $70 to $100 per month. Reference exacted. SUPT. MANUFACTURING HOUSE, 32 Reade St., N. Y.

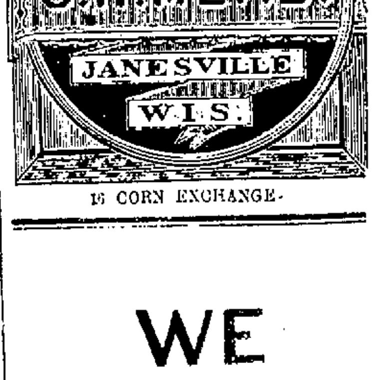
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